

IRMA TIMES

THE ALBERTA OIL GAZETTE

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ANOTHER BIG ROTARY RIG COMING FOR IRMA FIELD

News of a most reliable nature, is to hand of the purchase by the General Oil and Development Company, holding valuable acreage close in to the British Petroleum well, of the immense Rotary Drilling Plant of the Boundary Bay Oil Company near Vancouver, which has just completed a four thousand foot hole, the plant being one of the largest on the Continent, complete in every respect, and costing some eighty-five thousand dollars.

The purchase has been completed, and it will not be long before we will see another live company drilling in to the rich pay indicated and discovered by the drill of the British Petroleum Company.

When it is known that the British Petroleum well, producing some six million cubic feet of wet gas daily, and by test giving about three gallons of gasoline per thousand cubic feet of gas, which means in actual figures eighteen thousand gallons of gasoline per twenty four hours, is only a few feet from the side line of the General Oil Company property, it does not take much figuring to see what a valuable property, in the acreage held by this company, amounts to, and we predict that there will be other companies following in the wake of the General Oil Company with big plants to do quick work in drilling in this field, the banner field on this whole Continent according to results shown by drillings.

We congratulate the General Oil Company on its quick move, and also in having such valuable holdings so very close in to the valuable well of the British Petroleum.

It would appear as though our American cousins in oil circles across the International border, predicting an immense oil field in the Irma-Fabyan-Wainwright field, and an early big production is about to come true. Well might they say "that if a similar discovery was made on the American side of the line, that the world would have heard of it before now, and calls the British Petroleum Well "A money maker".

TEACHERS' CONVENTION.

The fourth annual convention of teachers of the Wainwright Inspectorate will be held at Wainwright on Friday, October 19th. Owing to the present boundaries of the Inspectorate it has been found imperative necessary to hold two conventions, there being no common center where all teachers may conveniently attend. The Wainwright centre will serve the teachers along the Canadian National Railway, while a second convention at Hardisty will meet the needs of those in districts contiguous to the Canadian Pacific Railway. Presence of inspection, and other work on the Inspector at this time makes the conservation of time an important factor in holding these conventions, and for that reason one day only can be given to each. Printed programmes will be mailed in due course. All teachers in the Wainwright division are invited and urged to prove their loyalty to their convention by attending on the 19th of October next.

The public is cordially invited to attend any or all of the sessions.
M. O. Nelson,
Inspector of Schools.

EDMONTON TAKES IMPORTANT PLACE DOMINION LANDS

Very little change in the personnel of the staff at the Dominion land office at Edmonton is anticipated by A. Norquay, the present superintendent in charge, as the result of the transfer of H. G. Tuttle, of Winnipeg, and other members of the Winnipeg staff to Edmonton.

Mr. Norquay states that Mr. Tuttle will be the senior official at Edmonton on his arrival, but the changes, which are part of the government's plan for consolidation of the federal departments throughout the west, mean that Edmonton will be created as headquarters for operations in the west.

Inspectors dealing with dominion lands, crown timber and school lands, who have been working out of Winnipeg and other points, will now be stationed at Edmonton and operate from this centre. This accounts for the announcement as to the transfer of staff.

The closing of the offices at Saskatoon, Battleford, Swift Current and Revelstoke, he remarked, is due to the fact that government lands are depleted at these points and the work has fallen off to a corresponding extent.

EDMONTON WINS BASKETBALL SERIES FROM TORONTO

The Commercial Grads, of Edmonton, world's champion ladies basketball team, won a series of two games from the Toronto Maple Leafs held in Edmonton on Tuesday and Thursday of this week. The score of the first game was 41 to 11, and the second game was 26 to 14, Edmonton having a total of 67 points and Toronto 25. Two of the members of the Edmonton team, Dot and Daisy Johnson are well known in the Jarrold district where they have taught school.

The next teams to try conclusions with the champions will be from Chicago and Youngstown, Ohio, and will take place some time in October.

HIT BUTT OF GUN; BLEW HIS HEAD OFF

Daysland, Sept. 27.—While talking across a wire fence to his neighbor, Harry Kryszka, of Kofernick, Alberta, idly stamped the butt of his shot gun on the ground. The weapon was discharged and the shot blew away part of Kryszka's head. He lived for an hour and a half, Mike Marko, to whom he was talking, was slightly injured. Coroner Borden, of Daysland, has decided that an inquest will not be necessary.

CATTLE POOL A SUCCESS

Cheques have been mailed, United Grain Growers Limited announce, to shippers of export cattle included in the special pool which was operated from February 15th to June 30th, 1923 in payment of dividend at the rate of 2.60 per cent on the valuation of such cattle. This is the second dividend received by shippers, as they already participated in weekly dividend paid by the pool on all cattle. Owing to the nature of the export business, it was not practicable to include it in the weekly pools, and a special export pool was conducted, which took over from weekly pools at market value, cattle of export quality, and exported them to British and Continental markets. The average profit on this enterprise over all shipments, and after deduction of actual expenses of shipping, works out at 2.60 per cent, or an average of a little over \$2.00 per head, which amount is now being distributed.

Over 3,000 cattle were handled from markets at Winnipeg, Calgary and Edmonton, for export during the time mentioned. When the weekly pools could not supply enough cattle of export quality to fill the space on trans-Atlantic boats which had been reserved, a sufficient number to complete the shipments were purchased. The dividend on such cattle has been put in a special reserve fund available in connection with operations conducted on behalf of the pool.

Now that an annual pool has taken the place of the weekly pools formerly operated, it is no longer necessary to conduct a separate pool for export cattle, and for the current year the results from overseas exporting will be included, the same as any other method of handling, in the general operations of the pool.

The greatest benefit to shippers was not in the dividends they received over and above valuation of their cattle, but in the higher market values (with consequently higher valuations) which resulted from the operations of the pool.

GASOLINE PRICE DROPS STILL ROOM FOR LOWER PRICES

A few days ago the distributors of gasoline announced a drop of one cent per gallon, in the price of gasoline. The gasoline users in Canada have been watching with a certain covetousness the price of gasoline drop in the United States, they have wondered whether and when the slump would reach Canada. The fact that gasoline of the same or superior grade is selling at from six to sixteen cents per gallon in the United States has been discussed by motor clubs, Boards of Trade and others interested in cheaper fuel for the automobile. Some time ago the Alberta government promised an investigation into the price of gasoline. But the government conducted its investigation as most government investigations are conducted, without efficiency or courage and resulted in telling that the price of gasoline was high because it was high, and quoted freight rates from Oklahoma and other distant points from where not a drop of gasoline ever reaches Alberta.

Montana is producing a superior quality of crude oil which can be delivered at Canadian refineries at a lower price than the average crude price obtained for Oklahoma crude at the wells. California has been producing more crude than her refineries or pipe lines can handle, this can be transported to coast refineries by tank steamers at a very low rate and should be sold at the coast points as cheap or nearly so as it is sold in points in Washington.

Those who have not paid their subscription to this paper are urged to do so this fall as soon as possible. It takes considerable money each week to keep the Times in circulation, and it is only with the co-operation of our readers that we can keep Irma and the surrounding district before the public as it should. A town without a paper is considered dead. Your immediate attention to this matter is very important.

If you are holding an auction sale this fall, let The Times do your printing and advertising.

WHEAT POOL READY IN TWO WEEKS

Calgary, Sept. 25.—There is no apparent reason at the present time why the Alberta Wheat Pool should not be actively in operation and in a position to receive wheat from signatories to its contract within two or three weeks, now that finances and elevator facilities are practically arranged for, Stephen Lumm, member of the provincial board of seven trustees of the pool and now in charge of pool headquarters, said today.

Private elevator interests have also been approached and it is believed many companies will come in on the arrangement suggested by the Alberta Grain Growers, which along the lines of which wheat was handled by the compulsory wheat board in 1919.

This will mean that the pool will have the use of much more than fifty per cent of the elevator storage space in the province, as the two major companies control approximately fifty per cent. The Alberta Pacific Grain company alone has in the neighborhood of 200 elevators operating in this province at the present time.

John I. McFarland, president and general manager of the Alberta Pacific, said today that his company will handle both pool wheat and non-pool wheat indiscriminately. The arrangement with the 1919 wheat board allowed the elevator companies so much a bushel for handling the board's wheat and the same arrangement is suggested to the 1923 voluntary contract pool, it is stated.

THE O.S.A. SOON TO OPEN FOR THE TENTH YEAR

Opening of the 1923-24 term of the Olds School of Agriculture and Domestic Science will take place on October 30th. The term closes next spring on March 28th.

The farmers of this district should be interested in agriculture and domestic science given at the school at Olds. The courses, given free to girls and boys from the farm, over 16 years of age, are of a most practical nature, and calculated to fit the students for their future life on the farm, and for their responsibilities as citizens in their respective communities.

No requirements are asked of the students in entering these courses, save the ability to read and write, and to make use of what they learn. The course is of two years' duration, with terms of five months each, so arranged as to be most convenient for the sons and daughters of farmers. The course in agriculture lays particular emphasis on animal husbandry, field husbandry and farm mechanics, including practice in gas engineering, blacksmithing and carpentry. There is also instruction in agricultural physics, chemistry, bacteriology, farm management and bookkeeping, mathematics and English. Entomology and botany are also taught.

The two year course in domestic science affords opportunity for the young women of the province to gain in economic management of the home. Both courses lay the foundation for more advanced study if the students wish to take it.

A well equipped dormitory for the women students is maintained under school management, where board and room may be had at \$23.00 a month. Men students may obtain board and room at \$7.00 a week. Those wishing information may obtain it by writing the Principal of the Olds School or the Department of Agriculture at Edmonton.

TWO ELEVATORS AND TWO COAL SHEDS BURN AT LOUGHED

At 1:15 Thursday morning fire broke out in the United Grain Growers elevator at Loughed, which, spreading rapidly totally destroyed the U. G. G. elevator, the Home Grain company's elevator, two coal sheds and five Canadian Pacific railway box cars. The fire caught a third elevator, but was extinguished before much damage was done.

The Canadian Pacific Railway sent an engine and two cars of water down from Hardisty and a crew of men to assist.

The cause of the fire has not yet been determined.

EDMONTON WILL SOON BURN GAS

(From The Viking News)

The pipe laying crews for the Northwestern Utilities are losing no time these fine fall days in rushing the main line to completion in order to reach Edmonton in October. The distance to Edmonton is 70 miles, 37 miles of this is completed. The trenching and digging is all finished and all pipe delivered. Four pipe laying crews are busy and average a mile each per day. This should bring them into the city by October 10th, providing the weather conditions remain as ideal as they are now.

Engineers who have been over the ground and given the Viking gas field a thorough test, estimate that this field will produce 60,000,000,000 feet of gas. With an average of one billion and a half cubic feet being used every year the present field is good for at least forty years. The drilling of more wells each year will show an enlargement of the field.

Viking citizens are now using the gas and find it O. K. in every respect. Records in individual homes show that it is cheaper than coal not counting the added conveniences in every way over coal and wood. Every user is a booster, which will also be the case when the first gas users in Edmonton tell their friends about it.

JUDICIAL SALE OF FARM LANDS NEAR IRMA, ALBERTA

Pursuant to Judgment and final Order for Sale there will be offered for sale subject to the conditions and reservations expressed in the original grant from the Crown or in the existing Certificate of Title, and subject to all seed grain liens, whether registered or not, of which particulars will be given at the time of the sale, with the approval of a Judge or Master of the Supreme Court of Alberta, Judicial District of Edmonton, by J. William Stuart, Auctioneer, at the Post Office in the Town of Irma, in the Province of Alberta, on Saturday the 30th day of October, 1923, at the hour of 2 o'clock, The North-East Quarter of Section Twenty-four (24), in Township Forty-six (46), Range Nine (9), West of the Fourth Meridian, containing by admeasurement one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less, together with all buildings thereon, reserving however unto His Majesty, His Successors and Assigns all mines and minerals in and under the said lands.

The vendors are informed that the property is situated seven miles from the Town of Irma where there is a Railway Depot and Post Office. It is three-quarters of a mile from the Alma Mater School. The land is level and could all be brought under cultivation. There are one or two small sloughs and a few patches of heavy brush, but on the whole the land is fairly open. About eighty acres have been broken up. The land is fenced on three sides. There are no buildings and there is no well. A light black loam on a clay subsoil in parts of the east end but chiefly gravel subsoil throughout. The west end is somewhat lighter than the east end.

The sale is subject to a reserved bid which has been fixed by the Master.

TERMS:—Ten per cent of the purchase money is to be paid at the time of the sale and the remainder of the purchase money is to be paid into Court within sixty days without interest or in the alternative a deposit of 10 per cent as aforesaid and a Mortgage may be granted for \$700.00 for three years at 8 per cent per annum and the balance of the purchase price to be paid into Court within sixty days without interest.

In other respects the terms and conditions of sale will be the standing conditions of sale of the Supreme Court of Alberta as approved by the Master.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. Emery, Newell, Ford & Lindsay, Barristers, Edmonton, Alberta.

Dated this 18th day of September, 1923.

R. P. Wallace, C.S.C.
Approved: A.Y.B.
M. C.

WEEKLY REVIEW ALBERTA MARKET

CATTLE.

BEEF—Calgary market steady during week, choice heavy and light steers \$4.50@5.50; with a top of \$5.50 on one heavy load; good \$3.75@4.50; medium \$3.25@3.75; common \$2.00@3.50. Choice cows, firmer at \$3.35@3.50; good \$2.75@3.25; medium 2.25@2.75; common \$1.50@2.25; canners 50¢@1.25. Choice heifers up to 3.00. Bulls unchanged with tops at \$2; others \$1.25@1.75. Calves about steady choice \$5@5.75; plain \$2@4.50. Feeders—Stockers—Good feeders \$1 @4.25, with top of \$4.50; stocker steers \$3@4. Stock heifers \$2.25@2.75; stock cows \$1.50@2.50.

Beef—Heavier receipts at Edmonton, but a good market held, choice heavy steers make up to \$5; good \$3.50@4.50; medium \$3@3.50; common down to \$2. Choice heifers up to \$3.75; plain down to \$2.75. Choice cows \$2.75@3.25; good 2.25@2.75; medium \$1.75@2.25; common and canners \$1@1.75. Bulls unchanged with top of \$2; others \$1@1.50. Choice calves up to \$5.50; plain heavy ones \$2@3. Feeders and stockers—strong demand for choice, improved feeders, up to \$4.50, with general sales \$4@4.25, plain ones down to \$2; stocker steers \$1.50@3.50, stock heifers \$1.50@2.75; cows \$1.25@2.25.

HOGS
Fall hogs not coming yet and receipts light. Calgary prices from \$11 @11.25 during week. Today's sales, \$11.25 smooth \$11@11.25.

Edmonton hog market good, with thick smooths advanced during week to \$11, off feed; 10 percent premium on bacon.

SHEEP
Arrivals light at Calgary and some lands make \$11, other good ones 10.50; feeder lambs \$8.50 each; stock ewes \$7.50 each.

Choice lambs bring up to \$10.25 at Edmonton, with others down to \$9; yearlings \$8.00@9; mature ewes \$6@7; breeding ewes \$5@6.

GRAIN
Premiums on cash wheat are down badly since last issue, owing to the new crop coming on. Prices are showing some fluctuation, and apparently trading will settle down fairly soon. There is some of the new stock being taken on for export, but they are not eager buyers. Alberta's big crop is being harvested in good condition though work has been held up by rain during the past few days.

BUTTER, CHEESE, CREAM.

Creamery Butter—All prices up; car lots basis specials \$34@35c; car lots No. 1 40c; No. 2 36c; prints No. 1 38c; No. 2 35c. Dairy butter—due to advance. Butterfat—all grades up; special 31c; No. 1 29c; No. 2 26c; off grade 21c. Cheese—up 8c; 30 lbs. twins 23c.

EGGS—POULTRY.

Eggs—unchanged on basis of 33c@35c on extras, but a few of this grade coming. Poultry—receipts light, prices unchanged. Chickens 14@15c; fowl 8@10c.

HAY.

Demand still very slow; some very cheap hay offered, but selling levels unchanged.

HIDES.

Market unchanged, some packer hides sold in Chicago, but country branded hides not in demand.

FURS.

New York sale coming on soon will establish prices which will likely rule for buying during fall season.

WOOL.

British wool auctions have not changed values on this side and local dealers quote fine wool at 20c and coarse down to 16c.

IRMA MARKET

Wheat	
No. 1 Northern	74c
No. 2 Northern	71c
Oats	
2 C. W.	27c
3 C. W.	23c
Barley	
3 C. W.	33c

OLDS SCHOOL OF AGRICULTURE

Free Courses in Agriculture and Domestic Science.

Term Opens Oct. 30. Closes March 28th.

Arranged for Convenience of Sons and Daughters of Farmers
Minimum Age 16. No entrance requirements save reading and writing ability.

Government pays the railway fares to and from Olds for students from Vermilion and Youngstown Agricultural School Districts.

Board and room for Men available at \$7 per week. Board and room for Women provided in co-operative Dormitory under school management at \$23 per month.

Hon. Geo. Hoadley,
Minister of Agriculture

H. A. CRAIG, Supt. Agricultural Schools, Edmonton.

F. S. GRISDALE, Principal, Olds, Alberta.

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea" You will never taste better

Always keep
BOVRIL
in the House
You can never tell when you may want it

Pride In Canada

In this column last week a few facts and figures—just a few out of the many that might have been given—were cited to show how unjustified and how dishonest are the pessimistic utterances as to Canada's present condition and future prospects which it seems to be the fashion for some people to indulge in just now. Equally reprehensible is the habit of some Canadians, and others who have made their home in this country, to belittle the Dominion and its people and to make invidious comparisons with other countries.

A very little study will prove how utterly unworthy and uncalled for is such an attitude. Canada is a young country, with but a small and scattered population as yet, and with an enormous area, the development of which has barely begun, but which opens up a vista of future wealth and greatness unsurpassed by any country in the world.

Canada and the Canadian people have no reason to adopt or accept a position of inferiority to any other nation or people. Past achievements and history, present conditions and future prospects all unite to demonstrate that every reason exists for unexampled pride in this Dominion. It makes no difference whether one delves into the realms of science, or art, or invention, or government, or of material achievement, to establish a place of real importance for Canada among the nations of the world.

What people constructed the first ocean-going vessel to cross the Atlantic under its own steam power, and who successfully navigated it across the seas to Europe? Canadian.

Who built, and are today successfully operating, the greatest single transportation system in the world? Canadians, as witness the C.P.R.

Who gave to the world the untold benefits of the modern telephone? It was given through the inventive genius of a Canadian, Andrew Graham Bell.

What country among all the nations in the world exhibits the most outstanding example of success in government where the population consists of two great races differing in language, religion and customs? The answer is Canada.

Who is responsible for the discovery of the greatest boon to suffering humanity along lines of medical research within the last half century? Dr. F. G. Banting, a Canadian, the discoverer of insulin for the treatment of sufferers from diabetes.

Among the many thousands, who provide daily entertainment for millions of people through moving pictures, who has been pre-eminent for years and still remains so? Mary Pickford, a Canadian.

Who ranked among the highest of the great railway builders of the North American continent? James J. Hill, a Canadian.

And it is this young Dominion which is rapidly striding forward until it will soon be the greatest wheel producing country in the world. In the manufacture and export of automobiles Canada already occupies second place, being exceeded in annual production only by the United States which it is steadily overtaking, and the confident prediction of those in a position to know is that within a comparatively few years Canada will export more automobiles than any other country.

In the manufacture of paper no country in the world is making such advance strides as Canada, and it will soon occupy the premier position in this respect.

Only one country in the world, New Zealand, surpasses Canada in the volume of its trade per head of population. And at the present time Canada's trade is being enormously expanded in all directions.

Canada has long led the world in the union of its religious forces, and it still continues to be the leader in that direction.

Space will not admit of a continuance of this recital which might be almost indefinitely extended. One more question may, however, well be asked.

What army, for its size, achieved the greatest results, won the most victories, proved itself the most dependable, and was called upon to bear the brunt of some of the heaviest offensives in the Great War? Beyond dispute, the Canadian army.

Let those who will belittle and scoff at Canada, but surely no Canadian can feel other than the deepest pride and a real glow of patriotic fervor when he recalls Canada's position. Every son and daughter of Canada may well hold up their heads and applaud their country and its achievements.

Unit to Live—Must Die

This verdict is rendered a thousand times every week—no corn can live, it must pass out, drop off, let Putnam's Extractor be applied to corns and warts. Use the old reliable "Putnam's," it never fails, 25c at all dealers.

Gained Something

"Father," confessed the callow youth, "I have married her. We are two souls with but a single thought."

"Well, you've gained something. A single thought isn't so many, but it is one more than I ever knew you to have before."

How "Dumdum" Bullet Got Name

The hollow-nosed "dumdum" bullets got their name from the place where they were manufactured. Dumdum is a town in British India, in the division of Bengal. It was the headquarters of the Bengal Artillery in the early eighties. At The Hague conference the use of the bullets was forbidden by international agreement.

Minard's Liniment Heals Cuts

Frogs by the thousand are needed annually for scientific research in hospitals.

London's Traffic Problem

Experts Say Congestion Costs City Many Millions Yearly

Twenty million pounds annually is thrown to the winds as a result of traffic delays and congestion on the streets of London, according to experts in the art of statistics. This huge sum, which is said to be a conservative estimate, is sufficient, however, to arouse the indignation of many London newspapers, and to open a campaign against the present plight of the street traffic.

The members for London in the House of Commons have agreed to take the matter up and present a bill designed to regulate all classes of traffic in the city.

The most difficult problem in London is that of the omnibus and other heavy motor lorries. There are about 2,700 passenger buses in operation in the city, and the number is steadily increasing. The congested traffic has caused a considerable loss to the bus owners, as it is impossible for the machines to make any speed through the maze of other vehicles.

The situation is becoming worse according to the newspapers, and it now takes a bus three minutes longer to traverse the Strand, about a half mile in length, than it did six months ago. A report shows that 53,500 vehicles pass Hyde Park Corner every 12 hours beginning at eight o'clock in the morning, while Piccadilly Circus accounts for 42,200 and Trafalgar Square for 41,000.

At the present time only in the City of London proper, an area of less than a square mile, is heavy traffic prohibited on some of the main streets. On all other streets, any class of vehicle may wander at its own will.

There have been many attempts by royal commissions and select committees to deal with the problem, but these have been unable to find a solution.

Mapila Likes Perfumes

The people of the Philippines have spent 14,273,332 pesos, for luxuries since the first of January. Of this amount automobiles took the major part but diamonds and other precious stones, perfume and cosmetics show up largely in the customs records.

Pains In Back Subdued Sore Chest Relieved

A Nova Scotian Tells How She Overcame Her Troubles With

NERVILINE

"I consider Nerviline the best remedy for a cold, sore throat or tightness across the chest. I was Miss Mary Blodgett, of Windsor, N.S. For years my home has never been without Nerviline. I had a cold on my chest that fourteen remedies couldn't break up. I rubbed Nerviline three times a day, and used Nerviline as a gargle and was completely restored. It is because Nerviline is so powerful, so penetrating, so sure to relieve, that it is used in most homes, for the prevention and relief of a hundred minor ills. Get a 5c bottle to-day."

Growth of Canada's Trade

Canada's trade is climbing ahead. Total trade in the three months ending June was \$462,544,438, an increase of \$10,810,056 over the corresponding three months of last year. For June alone, total trade was \$179,720,516, an increase of \$14,344,732 over last year. Domestic exports in the three months increased approximately \$50,000,000 and imports approximately \$61,000,000.

SUMMER HEAT HARD ON BABY

No season of the year is so dangerous to the life of little ones as the summer. The excessive heat throws the little stomach out of order so quickly that unless prompt aid is at hand the baby may be beyond all human help before the mother realizes he is ill. Summer is the season when diarrhoea, cholera infantum, dysentery and colic are most prevalent. Any of these troubles may prove deadly if not promptly treated. During the summer mother's best friend is Baby's Own Tablets. They regulate the bowels, sweeten the stomach and keep baby healthy. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

And That's What It Was

The staff clown is getting impossible. He turned in a story about a thief who took some cloth from a policeman's home and then went out in a posse because the copy-reader wouldn't head it, "A Boit From the Blue."—Buffalo Express.

Increased Capacity For Elevator

It has been announced by the contractors that the additional unit of 700,000 bushels for the old Government elevator will be completed by the end of September. This increases the storage capacity of the elevator to 2,000,000 bushels.

Automobiles from every country in the world are expected to be exhibited at a great international motor car exposition in Geneva early next year.

W. N. U. 1485



Fill your pipe
with

Ogden's CUT
PLUG
"It Satisfies"

15¢ per
packet
80¢ a
½ lb. tin



If you
roll your
own
ask for
OGDEN'S
FINE CUT
(green label)

London's Smoky Atmosphere

Twenty Tons of Soot Average For June Days

London's atmosphere is said by experts to be the smokiest and most polluted in the world. At 10 o'clock one day recently 70 tons of soot were hoisted about the capital. Twenty tons is an average amount for any day in June.

The smoke and soot are due largely to the fact that most homes, offices, factories and hotels in the capital are heated by the old-fashioned coal fire, which gives off excessive smoke. The Englishman loves his open hearth too much, to bother with steam heat or gas and electric appliances.

It Side Pain Begone.—When neuralgia racks the nerves or lumbago cripples the back is the time to test the virtues of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Rubbed in it will still the pain and produce a sensation of ease and rest. A trial of it will establish faith in it.

English Girls Like West

Winners of Scholarships Would Like to Remain Here

The four young English girls, winners of the Sir Henry Thornton scholarship, who spent seven weeks in Western Canada, left recently for Guelph to enter the Ontario Agricultural College for a short course in practical farming. These "farmerettes" have been at the Manitoba Agricultural College, where they have been studying animal husbandry, poultry, dairying, horticulture and many other subjects pertaining to agriculture and even carpentry. Before leaving the college the girls elected Prof. C. H. Lee an honorary member of their organization, the Federation of Young Farmers' Clubs of Great Britain, presented him with their club badge. During their stay in Winnipeg and while travelling to the coast over the National route, the girls made many friends and stated when leaving that they very much regretted that they could not remain in the west.

Horse Again Coming Into Use

The pendulum is swinging back again toward the trusty old horse, according to reports made to delegates attending the 36th annual convention at Cincinnati of the International Union of Journeymen Horsehoers. It was reported that numerous industrial concerns are again adopting the horse for short hauls, on the ground that the older method was less expensive.

An Indian spider's web only six inches in width was found to contain over 41,500 meshes.

It is difficult to convince the head of the house that two heads are better than one.

Minard's Liniment For Dandruff

A Startling Theory

Noted Doctor Says People Scrub Teeth Too Much

"I have come to the conclusion that a large percentage of human woe is caused by the insane daily scrubbing of teeth with bristles and by the innumerable use of chemical dentrifices." This rather astonishing statement is made by Sir John O'Connor, K.B.E., M.D., in the current issue of the famous medical journal, The Lancet. According to this authority, pyorrhea, dental caries, gastric pollution, appendicitis, and organic decomposition in general, is the result of excessive brushing of the teeth with stiff bristles.

Further in the article, Sir John says: "I earnestly invite attention to the handicap this kind of thing imposes on the natural disinfectants—saliva and mucus. In ventilating this opinion, I do not wish it to be inferred that I disapprove of cleansing teeth at bedtime. On the contrary, gentle rubbing of the teeth with a soft badger-hair brush, and some ordinary soda, or other effervescent potable water, is an unerring and salutary procedure, and I can personally vouch as to its being an effective and agreeable one."

"In other words, do not put anything into your mouth that you would be ashamed to put into your stomach."

A Hard Worker

Prince of Wales Remarkably Says Duke of Portland

"I believe the Prince of Wales is one of the most remarkable young men of our time," declared the Duke of Portland at the opening of the miners' welfare centre on his estate in Nottinghamshire.

"I read not long ago," continued the Duke, "a statement that the Prince was not a worker. Whoever made that statement could not have known anything about the matter. Ten hours' work in a day is a common experience in the Prince's life. He never spares himself for a moment, his spirits and interest in the people never flag."

The Terror of Asthma comes like a thief in the night with its dreadful throbbing, robbing its victim of breath. It seems beyond the power of human aid to relieve until one trial is made of that remarkable preparation, Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. Then relief comes with a rush. Life becomes worth living, and, if the remedy be used persistently, the disease is put permanently to rout. Take no substitute.

Peat Fuel Supply

Latvia, with 2,400 square miles of peat bogs, and Esthonia, which has 1,900 square miles, are planning to use them as fuel.

ASPIRIN

UNLESS you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all



Genuine

Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains directions and dose worked out by physicians during 22 years and proved safe by millions for

Colds Headache Rheumatism
Toothache Neuralgia Neuritis
Earache Lumbago Pain, Pain

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists. Aspirin is the trade mark registered in Canada of Bayer Manufacture of Monocarbonylchloride of Salicylic Acid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with these general trade marks, the "Bayer Cross."

"I Was Terribly Weak After Baby Was Born"

Mrs. H. McClure, Norwood, Ont., writes:

"After my baby was born, I was terribly weak and run down, with pains across my back. I had heard so much of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food that I decided to try it. Three boxes proved enough to make me quite strong and well again. I also used Dr. Chase's Ointment for a rash which broke out on the baby, and the rash disappeared completely in a short time."

DR. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD

50 Cents a box, all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto

Agricultural Opportunities Of Western Canada Are In Sound Position As Ever

(By G. H. Hutton, Supt. Agriculture and Animal Industry, Canadian Pacific Railway, Calgary, Alberta.)

Considerable pessimism appears to exist in some quarters as to the future of agriculture and as to business prospects in general in the west.

Extreme pessimism is a disease, and a review of the opportunities afforded in agriculture in the west may serve as a needed tonic to farmers and to business men alike. To the farmer who may feel discouraged, in that a review of the situation must provide many illustrations of those who have been depressed and weighed down by circumstances similar to those which face him, yet who have won through, to the business man, a study of the present situation must prove of value in again indicating how wonderful are the possibilities of the west in agriculture, and how closely related is success in that department of our national endeavor with success in business.

I should like to consider the subject of agricultural opportunities, having in mind what has been accomplished and considering also what may be done to multiply the number of successful farmers. First let us set out a correct standard or definition of success. The standard of success, which was held up to the incoming settler for years was that the west offered the opportunity to accumulate wealth quickly and to retire after a few years to spend the balance of life in some other business or in idleness.

I submit that the man on the farm may be considered a success who, during the course of his active life, is a position to enjoy home comforts, has time to devote to the duties of citizenship, time for reading, money to educate his children, is able to yield a competence for his old age, and yet leave his farm to the next generation in as good condition as he found it. I realize that many of those who have succeeded on farms in the west have failed through no serious fault of their own, but through being over-ambitious, or, in many cases, through having responded during war years to the appeal for greater production. The farmer who extended his operations rapidly during these years, and made investments in stock and equipment has been faced by such a rapid depreciation in values as to test his financial strength to the limit and even beyond.

I do not overlook the fact that a readjustment of the value of farm products upward to a point in correspondence with the costs of production is necessary, or a reduction of such costs of production to a point corresponding with the values of the products of the farm. Prices of farm products must go up or costs must go down. It is not a matter of vital importance whether the products of the farm be high or low in price if they correspond in value with the things which the farmer has to buy.

There has been some improvement toward correlating these values, but that movement has not proceeded as far or as rapidly as it should. I wish to point out, however, that even during the last few years when the spread between the value of farm products and the value of the things the farmer buys has been greatest, even during the years when the need for readjustment has been greatest, we have a considerable percentage of farmers in Western Canada who have been making good. The man who has been operating a farm within his own capacity to handle, largely in so far as labor is concerned, and who did not expand his purchases during the period of high prices for land and livestock beyond his ability to pay cash in a sound financial position today.

I feel sure that everyone who has studied the situation will agree that the west is economically sound, and that a great future lies ahead. In conclusion, let me say that I believe that the fertility of our soil, the invigorating climate which we enjoy and the energy of our people will enable us to produce high quality products in competition with any nation in the world.

The opportunity lies at our door for reducing the cost of production of our products, the improvement of the quality of these products and the enlargement of our markets in consequence of improved quality. Let us take advantage of these opportunities; the result will be increased prosperity in every branch of agriculture and in every department of our business activity.

Our vision, without moving the eyes, covers an arc of about 220 degrees.

Pleasures attained without labor are of short duration.

N. N. D. 1486

"Aerovl" New Invention

French Scientist Claims No Trouble For People to Fly

A French scientist points out that we shall never be able to fly until we can move through the air on our own power, as does a bird. Children, also, he says, are no good, as one can only make them go long distances in warm climates, where currents of air, passing upwards, make it possible. What we should do is to fly as a bird does. A bird flies by flapping its wings and, if we wish to fly, he says, we also must have wings to flap.

So he has made a little model of what he calls an aerovl, and he thinks that with such an apparatus a man ought to be able to fly through the air just as he swims in the water. The aerovl consists of a pair of wings, a tail piece and a steering gear in the front. Getting under the apparatus, a man works the wings with his arms, his legs work the tail, which makes the machine go up or down, and the head moves the steering gear in front, which decides which way to go.

To fly with such an apparatus, says the inventor, will not be any more tiring than swimming. You are not suspended from your apparatus, but resting on it. The elbows do most of the wing work and besides, he says, you do not need to flap the wings very much or often, as you use the glide a good deal, just as with gliders. Besides, he has put in a little motor for use in case of the flier becoming tired. It is only a small engine, 2 or 3 h.p., and he hopes soon to make his model so perfect that it will be able to do without it altogether.

If this new apparatus is made in quantities, it will cost about as much as a bicycle; so that it would be quite possible for most people to buy one.

Stock Slaughtering and Sales

This Year Shows Decrease in Calves and Sheep

In inspected slaughtering this year, the Dominion Livestock Branch reports a decrease in both calves and sheep compared with last year, the total being 137,359 calves compared with 173,721, and 97,792 sheep compared with 101,227. Cattle slaughtering shows an increase of 22,694, and hogs of 152,259, the totals being 222,689 and 199,955, and 1,092,544 hogs to 940,255.

Sales at public stockyards during the first six months of this year show an increase of about \$5,000 cattle and approximately of 100,000 hogs, compared with last year. Calves showed a decrease of over 11,000 and sheep and lambs of 12,000.

Tourists Buy Farm Lands

One American Purchased Four Farms For Himself and Sons

Tourists who have visited the province recently from United States, registering at the Calgary Auto Camp, have purchased lands in Alberta and will engage in farming here. Twelve of these tourists in the past month have arranged to purchase farms in this province, and one of them has purchased four farms for himself and his sons. Over 4,600 tourists have registered at the Calgary Auto Camp, a large number of them having traveled over the new Banff-Windermere highway. They are all delighted with the scenery provided in the Canadian Rockies.

"Candidate" Meant White

"Candidate" is, originally, a Latin word which means "white." With the ancient Romans, at election time, those who were running for office wore a "toga candida," a white mantle, emblem of the purity of their political intentions. A herald announced to the voters gathered for the forum: "tuae res agitur" (your interests are to be attended to); and then the tribes took each candidate by the hand and led him around, presenting him to the crowd.

Not the Right Stuff

A New York magazine editor asked a clipping bureau to send him every reference to Jewish religious activities, to be used by a writer collecting data along that line. In one day he received twenty clippings of mad dog scares in which the word "rabies" was used.

On the average every man, woman and child in Great Britain pays a little more than \$100 a year in taxation.

Few weeks on the matrimonial seas are caused by squalls. Many are the result of sailing in a fog.

Six U.S. Presidents Have Died In Office

Two Served Only Short Term, Three Were Assassinated

Five presidents of the United States besides Harding—Harrison, Taylor, Lincoln, Garfield and McKinley—died before finishing their term.

William Henry Harrison, a Whig, died one month after his inauguration in 1841; and was succeeded by John Taylor, Democrat, who served out the remainder of the term. General Zachary Taylor, elected as a Whig in 1848, died in 1850, after serving one year, four months and five days. Vice-President Millard Fillmore, also a Whig, served out the term.

Abraham Lincoln, the first Republican President, after serving a full term from 1861 to 1865, was assassinated by James Wilkes Booth in Ford's Theatre, Washington, on April 14, 1865, one month and 11 days after beginning his second term. He was succeeded by Vice-President Andrew Jackson, Republican, who served out the term.

James A. Garfield, Republican, was assassinated by Charles J. Guiteau in the Baltimore & Ohio railroad station on September 19, 1881, six and one-half months after beginning his first term. Vice-President Chester A. Arthur, Republican, succeeded him. William McKinley, Republican, after serving nearly a full term, was shot at Buffalo by Louis Czolgosz on September 6, 1901, and died on September 14. He was succeeded by Vice-President Roosevelt to serve the unfinished term, who was elected in 1904 to succeed himself.

Regulating Aviation

Kansas State Law Supervises Everything Pertaining to Aircraft

A state law regulating aviation in Kansas supervises aerial flight, determines qualifications of pilots, prescribes uniform traffic rules and guards the interests of the public. The aircraft board has authority to issue licenses for airplanes at twenty dollars and flying boats at ten dollars a year. Pilots are empowered to establish and maintain municipal aviation fields out of city limits.

Taught In One Town 43 Years

Beginning her teaching at the age of 17 in a rural school, Miss Loretta Parks, of Richmond, Me., has completed her forty-third year of teaching and has never been employed by any other town. She has taught three generations of the Conner family, and there are countless instances where richmond fathers and mothers started their school life under her instructions and who have since sent their youngsters to her to be initiated into the experience of school life.

Bosses Were Wise

The heads of a big manufacturing plant led this notice posted at the beginning of the summer season: NEW RULE FOR OUR EMPLOYEES. All requests for leave of absence on account of toothache, severe colds and minor physical ailments, and on account of church picnics, weddings and funerals and the like, must be handed to the foreman in charge of your department before 10 a.m. on the morning of the game.—Houston Post.

Record Timber Business

June was a record month in Prince Rupert timber business. The scalings amounted to almost 13,500,000 feet, of which over 12,000,000 were spruce and 4,000,000 hemlock. Another item of forest production was 75,000 railway ties.

Professor History: "What do you know of the age of Elizabeth, Mr. Jones?" Jones, dramatically: "She will be ninety next week."

WESTERN EDITORS



Wm. T. Morphy, Editor and Proprietor of The Sun, Viscount, Sask.

Suggests a Limit On Air Armament

British Expert Says Question Should Be Considered Seriously

Major-General Sir Frederick Maurice, who was Chief of Military Operations for Great Britain during the war, declares in an article on the increase in the air forces of France and Britain that it is high time the question of limitation of armaments is taken up seriously. He says that the British Government's recent decision to nearly double England's present air equipment meant a return to competition in armaments and that such competition is not likely to lead to improved relations between the two countries.

General Maurice emphasizes Great Britain's willingness to enter into a conference on the reduction of air armaments similar to the Washington conference on naval armaments. But for the present, he says, Britain must, out of self-protection, bring her air strength up to that of France. "France," says he, "is the only country which within the next ten years is likely to be able to consider seriously an attack upon England from the air. Today we are not in the most remote danger of invasion which comes by sea. Therefore, for the first time for centuries, the navy has ceased to be our first line of home defence, and that role has devolved upon the air force."

Increase in Immigration

There was an increase of sixty-three per cent. in the number of immigrants entering Canada during the last three months, as compared with the corresponding quarter last year, and for the month of June alone the increase over the same month last year was 88 per cent. The number of immigrants from all countries who entered the Dominion during the quarter ending June 30, was 49,952, as compared with 25,092 for the same period last year. Immigration from Great Britain amounted to 22,553; United States, 6,373; and other countries, 12,026.

Business of Cordage Co. Growing

The Canada Western Cordage Company, of New Westminster, started in 1920, has developed into a most thriving industry. Last month was the biggest month in the history of the company, 225,000 pounds of rope having been shipped. The production was four times that of the corresponding month last year.

To Prove It

"Please, sir, father wants to know if it is true that there is such a thing as a tobacco trust." "Yes, my lad, there is," replied the tobaccoist. "Well, father would like to be trusted with two ounces."



HE'S A HERO JUST NOW

—Philadelphia Record

Great Britain Chooses Wonderful Harbor For Building Naval Base

The recent announcement of the First Lord of the Admiralty that the Imperial Government has decided to build a naval base on the island of Singapore has directed public attention toward that wonderful harbor, where miles of smooth water, protected by islands, lead up to the sheltered roadstead in which countless ships can lie untroubled by the storms and squalls which vex the tropical seas.

Round the harbor, writes the Singapore correspondent of the Times, chosen deliberately by the genius of Stamford Raffles a hundred years ago, there has grown up a great and fascinating city. It is the greatest trading centre of Middle Asia, and to it come innumerable native junk and sampans, bringing the tin and rubber of Malaya and all the varied produce of the archipelago. There come also the larger ships down from the China seas, with the silk, fruit, pottery and rice of the Middle Kingdom, manufactured goods of Japan, and the vessels bringing meat and wool from Australia. This traffic has justified the wisdom of Stamford Raffles in insisting that Singapore should be a free port.

It is a wonderful sight to see the steamers surrounded by lighters and sampans crowded together a few hundred yards from the big wharves and great banking houses, and the ceaseless traffic to and from loading and unloading freight. One feels, as at every step one takes in Singapore, the curious combination of East and West. Here human labor is abundant, the overflow of overcrowded China. Boatmen, half naked, with their wide basket hats, stand urging forward with abnormally long oars their craft, on the bows of which are painted large eyes that they may see their way. The heavy labor of these boats of coolies goes on alongside the most modern marine machinery, just as the backward bullock carts share the crowded streets with Ford cars and the latest Rolls-Royce.

In the evening when the great heat is over one can watch the scene from the edge of the Padang, the great grass space running from the Cathedral and the main hotels to the edge of the sea wall. Behind one is a dense crowd of Asiatics, and a small but dominant proportion of white clad Europeans may be watching an exciting football match. The teams may be European, Chinese, Eurasian or mixed, and may speak any language from Portuguese to Tamil. The final of the Association Football League of the Singapore volunteers has played here between the Chinese and Eurasian volunteer companies' teams, just won by the former after an exciting match, enthusiastically and critically followed by a great crowd of all peoples and languages, all imbued with a thoroughly sporting spirit.

East and West certainly have met in Singapore, and the intense interest of the place lies in watching the working out of the result. Roughly speaking, two-thirds of the population of half a million is Chinese, and of the remaining third one-half is Malay and the other comprises a large proportion of Tamil and other Southern Indian coolies, the European community, some five thousand, and all the Arab, Japanese, and other Asiatics, and the Shikhs, police, immigrants still pour in, and solid blocks of China are produced over large quarters of the city and in the picturesque little villages which spring up like mushrooms wherever the gardener can find a little stream.

From the oldest and most beautiful of the Chinese temples, where you must buy the needed crackers charged with gunpowder and hurl them to explode on the pavement and exorcise the devils before entering, you can walk a few hundred yards to the polo ground and hear about the chances of the club team in an approaching match in the Federated Malay States. The sacred cows from the Buddhist temples slip occasionally escape and are captured in unhalloved drains. So it goes on. One is surrounded by unknown and by familiar worlds; yet they do meet, and the unifying influences of education, trade and love of sport tend to draw them together. How will it all end? Perhaps the solution may lie in revealing how this astonishing community has grown up. It owes its very existence to its geographical position. Its trade is seaborne, its huge markets are fed from the sea, and like some of the great cosmopolitan cities of old, its interests are in trade, in peace and in making money.

Here we are, all immigrants to gather. A hundred years ago the island was practically uninhabited. No one has the sense of oppressed nationality; so a new Malayan nationality may grow up, as an American one has grown up in the United States, binding all the immigrants

together and molded by the highest tradition of the Commonwealth of British nations, of which it should be no mean part. When one watches the football matches one feels very hopeful about it!

Grading Up Sheep

Synopsis of Last Year's Report From Alberta Experimental Station

A great deal of attention is being given at the Lacombe, Alberta, Dominion Experimental Station, to the breeding and raising of sheep. In his report for last year, Mr. F. H. Reid, the Superintendent, supplies a pretty full account of the projects undertaken and the progress made. Six years ago, for a grading-up experiment, a number of range ewes, mostly of Merino blood, were bought and mated to rams of the Leicester, Cheviot, Corriedale, Hampshire, Oxford and Shropshire breeds. Although it is considered that the experiment has not been carried on long enough to warrant the drawing of any very definite conclusions, some things are thought sufficiently apparent to be worthy of record. A synopsis of the outstanding features insofar as the individual breeds have been noted up to the present is, therefore, furnished in the report.

The Cheviot ewes, wethers and lambs are noticeable for their evenness in type, size, condition and fleece, for their general health, for being ideal mutton sheep for the west, for their ease of management and their excellence as range sheep. The Leicester, are also true to type, make good mutton, maintain their size well, but, owing to the openness of their wool, allowing the snow to drift in, are no tallotter adapted for a cold climate. The Hampshires are the heaviest sheep of all and have a heavy close coat of wool, but as a breed, have not the uniformity of the Cheviots and the Leicesters. Their lambs at Lacombe were not as strong and active as they should be, but the report declares that the Hampshires are a good general purpose sheep, well adapted to the climate, and do particularly well on the feed lot. The Oxford have size, a good fleece, stand up well in Central Alberta, appear

weaker than the Hampshires, are increasing in popularity, and do well on the range and in the feed lot. Perhaps owing to lack of size in the bucks used, the Shropshires have turned out the smallest of the breeds, although usually the Cheviots possess that characteristic. As they are the most numerous more culling was necessary than with the other breeds. The lambs and wethers lack in uniformity, but they feed up with the heavier breeds, and their domesticated nature and close dense fleeces are pronounced very much in their favor. Up to the present the place of the Corriedales is regarded as doubtful. The quality of the fleece, which is very fine and dense, grading up well, is the outstanding feature, but as a breed they are accustomed to living in enclosures, and are not aggressive enough to thrive well on the range. Lambs last year came weak, but it is thought they may prove better later on. As mutton the Corriedales excel in quality and flavor but may not give as high a dressing percentage as some of the other breeds.

The report, which covers an exceptionally large and varied number of projects, gives minute particulars of the work performed and the progress made, and can be had free either at the Experimental Station or of the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

To Experiment With Oxygen Apparatus

Another Attempt Will Be Made to Scale Mt. Everest

Brig.-Gen. Charles G. Bruce, leader of last year's British expedition for the conquest of Mount Everest, left Champery, accompanied by Henry Fairbanks, Montanier of Terre Haute, Ind., to experiment in the ascent of the highest peaks of the Alps in Valais Canton, with a new oxygen apparatus which will be employed in another attempt to reach the top of Mount Everest next year.

Japan Retiring Many Officers

Japan has retired 850 officers, including seven generals, since August, 1922. The Japanese Government has announced that it will shortly discharge from its service 1,271 additional officers, including four generals, seventeen lieutenant generals and thirty-three major generals. Many retired officers have entered the Department of Economics of the Imperial University as qualified for civilian occupations.

IRMA TIMES

An independent newspaper published every Friday at Irma, Alberta, Canada, by The Times Publishers.

The Alberta Oil Gazette
Irma, Alberta, Canada

H. G. THUNELL, Publisher

H. W. LOVE, Editor

There are enough automobile accidents but it is a wonder that there are not more at night with the dazzling lights that some cars have. You simply cannot see when you approach these strong head lights on a narrow country road, and it shows that most drivers use good sense or have mighty good luck to pass these cars safely. Why manufacturers continue to send out cars with headlights that do not comply with the law is a mystery. The government could easily put a ban on a few and gather in some fines for the depleted exchequer. Then we might have a change.

Thanksgiving Day this year falls on November 12th. By official decree it has been stipulated that Thanksgiving Day must come on the Monday in which Armistice Day occurs. Armistice day November 11th, coming on Sunday, it is planned that any celebrations will take place on the following day, November 12th.

If the city folks and jazz artists could hear the hum of the binder and the drone of the threshing machine and realize what it means to them, they wouldn't be so nutty over, "Yes, We Have No Bananas."

The duck is no longer the tame little flapper we have seen along the roadside this summer, hardly noticing the passerby. Since the 15th they have a new idea of what it means to be a friend to man—and they act accordingly.

With the Firpo-Dempsey fight settled, there is the world's series baseball games to look forward to, not forgetting the vote on November 5th.

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Plebiscite Pointers.

STAND-UP TO OR SIT-DOWN TO BAR.

Dear Sir—Will you please allow me the space in your paper to insert the substance of a pamphlet issued by the Prohibition Campaign Committee regarding the meaning of Clause "D" in the Referendum Ballot.

"The Champions of Clause "D" are greatly perturbed over the claim of the prohibitionists that if this clause carried on November 5th that it will mean a return to the bar-room. When the statement was first made they jumped to the defense of their pet clause with wonderful vigor. But as the days go by and they begin to read the clause for themselves the number of defenders dwindle.

In Clause D the bar or saloon is included along with government sale of liquor, and cannot be separated by the electors in their vote.

The moderationists need not take the word of the prohibitionists; they have the statement of the President of the Alberta Moderation League, Dr. Conynbeare, of Lethbridge, published at length in the Lethbridge "Daily Herald" of June 28th last.

In that statement Dr. Conynbeare said that the Clause "D" of the referendum ballot was the proposal of the Alberta Moderation League and that the time of the preparation of the ballot by the committee of the Legislature, the Moderation League placed its wishes before that committee in writing.

Among the definite statements quoted in full we find:

"Provision to be made for the sale of beer up to a strength of 4 percent alcohol by weight to be consumed on the premises. Permits for selling beer to be granted lessors and owners of approved premises; tea, coffee, cocoa, soft drinks and light lunches might also be served; such premises to be conducted strictly under government control."

The clause in the referendum Ballot named "D" which says "Beer to be consumed on licensed premises" is to be interpreted in the light of this definite statement of the President of the Alberta Moderation League. Does not that anticipate the establishment of a system of bars or saloons in Alberta? It is well known that the President of the Moderation League and other Moderationists in Alberta have stated repeatedly that they do not wish any "return of the bar." Accepting the statement that it does not mean the return of the old bars "does it not mean a system of new bars?"

How else can it be interpreted? The old bar was a stand-up-to-bar. Now, it is proposed to have a different shape of furniture evidently, possibly the sit-down to bars. The essential element of the bar room is the facility for the "beer to be consumed on the premises" where it is sold.

The electors of Alberta are beginning to realize that the "D" Clause proposal is not so innocent as it appeared to be at first.

Mark the figure 1 after Clause A and keep Alberta dry.
Rev. R. Upton.

NEW MAP AVAILABLE.

A revised edition of the Canadian National Railways map of the three prairie provinces has just been issued and is now ready for circulation. This map is issued by the Colonization and Development Department and, although primarily intended for use in connection with land settlement work, it has been in great demand for general office purposes, shippers, commercial travellers, and other business men finding it most useful for reference with respect to railway lines and connections and geographical relations. It shows prominently all lines of the C. N. R. now in operation, those under construction and those projected in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, and has been brought right up to date in all details of interest. This is the third issue in the last four years, during which period thousands of copies have been circulated in Canada, the United States and overseas and has proven to be an effective publicity medium for Western Canada. On the back of the map, salient information respecting all the large distributing centres and several hundred smaller market towns along the C. N. R. in the west is given, adding additional value to the map for reference purposes. A copy of the map will be sent free on application to the general agent of the C. N. R. Colonization & Development Department at Winnipeg or Edmonton.

Lilies: "If a fairy gave you two wishes, what would they be?"
"Well, I think I'd wish for a husband," replied her friend.
"That's only one wish!"
"Yes, and I'd save the other wish until I saw how he turned out."

Dr. S. R. McGregor

Physician and Surgeon

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back of Drug Store.

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— OUR LUMBER against that of any other dealer in the country as to quality and efficiency. No matter what high-sounding phrases and adjectives others use in recommending their own stuff, we're there with real lumber minus the high price.

Farmers Mutual Lbr Co

P. J. HARDY
Manager

IRMA,
Alberta

INVESTIGATION

shows that rentals consume between 15 and 20 per cent of the average wage earner's income. This is very important as history shows that social disorders increase when people are not properly housed.

THE LOW COST OF BUILDING

ultimately prove the real solution of this situation. Prices for lumber have now reached such a low point that there is no reason why anyone should longer put off building.

CALL AND SEE US FOR PRICES

Our yard is headquarters for everything in building material. Our experience is at your service and the class of material we carry is superior in every respect. Our Prices Are Right.

"BETTER Lumber for Home Building"

Agents for BLACK DIAMOND COAL

THE IMPERIAL LUMBER Co., LTD.

"Pioneer Lumber Dealers"

T. H. FLEMING, Manager.

IRMA, - - - ALTA.

Alberta's Premier Jewelers

MAKE US YOUR JEWELRY HEADQUARTERS
WATCHES, SILVERWARE, DIAMONDS,
CUT GLASS, FANCY JEWELRY, CLOCKS, Etc.
SEND US YOUR WATCH & JEWELRY REPAIRS
EXPERT WORKMANSHIP, QUICK SERVICE

H. B. Kline & Sons Ltd

10069 Jasper Ave.

Next to Allan Theatre

DERMAN'S DRUG STORE, Local Agents

D.D.D. Prescription for
Eczema

— for 15 years the standard skin remedy—a liquid used externally—relieves from itching, the reddest of rashes—keeps the skin in every way clean and healthy. Come in and ask us about both.

THOS. J. DERMANN, DRUGGIST

VIKING

Next Sunday, September 30th, is Rally Day for the Community Sunday School. Jensen's Hall has been secured for the event and a big crowd is anticipated. The orchestra will be there in full force and special music will be presented. The Primary Department, which numbers over sixty will demonstrate to the older members and parents some of the features of their training. An added attraction on the program will be an address by J. Russell Love, M. L. A., a young man of pep and great promise. A hearty invitation is extended to everyone to attend. The School needs you, and probably you need it.

J. J. Magee, residing one mile east of town is suffering from a broken leg as a result of an accident while horseback riding last Saturday. The horse stumbled in such a manner that Mr. Magee was thrown to the ground sustaining a fracture of the leg. Medical attention was called and Mr. Magee is doing as well as can be expected. He is at home directing the duties on the farm. Several friends are assisting with the farm work, Rev. Upton milking the cows morning and night.

Residents of Clove Lodge and vicinity report the appearance of a complete rainbow a few minutes after ten o'clock Tuesday evening last. The moon was a day past the first quarter. A light shower was passing from the northeast to east. A complete rainbow at night is a rare occurrence and having been seen by several parties at the same time we must give credence to the report. Has anybody else seen any strange things lately?

The first car of wheat of the 1923 crop was shipped out on Monday by the Security elevator. It was No. 1 Northern and was threshed before the wet weather of last week.

Despite the rain and sleet of last week, several threshing crews are now tuning up and ready to commence work. The warm winds of this week have dried up the stubble and from now on the threshers will be busy. On account of the heavy crop in this district the harvesters will have a longer season than is usual. Cutting is practically completed and with prospects of favorable weather we look for activity in all parts of the district before the week is over.

Mr. G. F. Degler, of Mattoon, Illinois, arrived Tuesday evening to attend to his farming operations in this district. Mr. Degler owns a fine half section north of town which is in crop. He has visited this district for the past three years and is always glad to come. Incidentally he remarked that The News and Times is a fine visitor at his home every week and is eagerly looked for.

Mr. W. J. Kain who has spent the summer months at the W. J. Kelly and Mrs. M. Smith homes north of town returned to his home in Texas last Thursday. Mr. Kain has made a practice of spending his summers in Canada for the past twelve years.

Mrs. H. M. Hilliker entertained the members of the "Will-U-All" Sunday School class and friends at her home last Friday evening. The class, we understand, has been re-organized and has taken in several new members.

Mrs. Robt. Airth, of Edmonton, was a visitor at the home of her sister, Mrs. Len Lawes, north of town over the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Bendiksen and children and Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Hummel motored to Ryley Sunday and spent the day with relatives.

Mrs. Mezera, mother of Mrs. A. Streit, left for her home in Austria after a two days' stay here.

Mr. Rod Neilson, of Stella, Ont., is a guest at the J. Roddick home south of town.

Mrs. H. Rollins is visiting at the home of her parents near Tofield this week.

NEW CONTRIVANCE TO BE INSPECTED ON KILLAM FARM

A government inspection of a new harvesting device is to be made by a party of provincial and federal members and university agriculturists on Wednesday near Killam. Premier Greenfield, Hon. R. G. Reid, Hon. Geo. Hoadley, Hon. V. W. Smith, D. W. Warner, M.P., W. T. Lucas, M.P., Prof. McGregor Smith and Public Commissioner Croft will make up the party, leaving the city tonight and beginning the inspection on the Hauser farm, a short distance from the town of Killam, early Wednesday morning.

The new contrivance is said to be a labor saver that will practically revolutionize the harvesting of grain. It is a combined harvester and stacker, which eliminates entirely the work of stacking and tying and reduces the whole harvesting process to one operation. The machine has been in actual use this season and is reported to be a complete success. The ministers and members are going down to give it a look-over.

Here and There

Russia has more illiterates, and at the same time, more bookshops than any other country in Europe.

The largest consignment of silk from the Orient for many months, consisting of 5,500 bales, valued at \$3,000,000, formed part of the cargo of the "Empress of Russia" recently.

A shipment of silk from China, consisting of ten carloads, valued at two million dollars, went forward from Vancouver to New York under special guard over the Canadian Pacific lines recently.

The first of a series of six new airplanes being constructed for the Canadian Government has just been delivered. The new planes are to be used in forest patrol for the prevention of destruction by fire.

Following the disastrous earthquakes and fires which devastated large areas in Japan, the Canadian Pacific line, "Empress of Canada" and "Empress of Australia" were thrown open to the accommodation of thousands of refugees, while the officers and men of the line did splendid work in organizing and assisting rescue parties.

The rapid increase in the export butter trade of Saskatchewan during the past year or two, has been the outstanding feature of the Provincial dairy industry. Recently the Saskatchewan Co-operative Creameries made a shipment of 25,000 lbs. of butter to China.

For almost two decades the major portion of the world's supply of cobalt has been derived from the Cobalt district, according to figures compiled by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. The cobalt production of Canada in 1922 was 569,960 pounds, which at \$3.25 a pound, would be worth \$1,852,980.

Canada's trade within the Empire is increasing. For the twelve months ended July, Canada exported 35 other parts of the Empire, goods amounting to \$453,487,899. This is in comparison with \$354,992,074, the figure for the corresponding twelve months previous. Imports from British Empire countries during the two year months' periods were: Ended July, 1923, \$195,811,190; ended July, 1922, \$153,185,581.

A wheat crop of 382,514,000 bushels is forecasted in a report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. The report is based upon the condition of crops at the end of July, and indicates that the Prairie Provinces will produce 357,295,000 bushels of wheat if weather conditions continue favorable. Manitoba, it is expected, will have a total wheat yield of 41,468,000 bushels; Saskatchewan 211,051,000; and Alberta 101,775,000 bushels. Alberta is the only province to show an increased yield as compared with 1922.

A party of five journalists, representing the leading newspapers of Switzerland, who recently arrived at Quebec are the guests in Canada of E. W. Beatty, President of the Canadian Pacific Railway. They will tour the Dominion in the interests of Swiss colonization. Stops will be made at different points where Swiss are now farming, and opportunities will be given to members of the party to converse with them and to see the desirability of Canada as a place for Swiss colonists.

In a letter to "The Canadian Land Settlement," published by the Morning Post, Sir Geo. McLaren Brown, European manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway, says that the agricultural colonization of Western Canada lies in mixed farming, which calls for the use of numerous agricultural holdings than wheat growing does, and results in closer settlement and better communication. The bigger and more densely settled the rural population, the more social amenities there are and greater advantages generally, he says.

A reduction of express rates on westward moving business between Europe and Canada was announced by the Foreign Department of the Dominion Express Company recently. This reduction on westbound shipments follows a similar cut on shipments from Europe to Canada made a little while ago, and amounts to a reduction of approximately twenty per cent. on the trans-ocean trip. The rates came into effect on July 9 between all points in Canada and Europe.

The Banff-Windermere highway, the last link in the 5,000-mile chain of good roads which extend from the heart of the Canadian Rockies to California and return, is now open to motor traffic, having been officially opened on June 30th by the cutting of a ribbon at Kootenay crossing in the presence of a number of Federal and Provincial Government officials, and a host of automobile enthusiasts. The completion of this road has opened accessible the most beautiful scenic country on the continent.

OUR NEW ILLUSTRATED CATALOG OF Radio Sets AND PARTS

Now ready for distribution. MAIL ORDERS GIVEN SPECIAL ATTENTION

Radio Supply Co. Ltd.

10008-101 A Ave. Edmonton

"Low prices and real service."

Main Street

Let The Times handle your auction sale posters and advertising.

Mr. and Mrs. McCartney motored to Sedgewick Thursday.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Sisson, September 6th, a son.

Mr. G. L. Morrow has been spending a few days in Irma returning to his store at Edgerton yesterday.

Miss Maude Inklin left Thursday morning for Edmonton where she intends entering one of the hospitals to train for nursing.

Printing orders of all kinds may be left at the office of the Irma Times and will be promptly attended to. Prices moderate, workmanship the best.

Last Tuesday Hon. Arthur Meichen visited Wainwright and delivered an address in the Theatre. Several Irma citizens attended the meeting and from reports the leadership of the opposition gave a very interesting address.

Threshing has been progressing very satisfactorily the last few days, the heavy rain of last week delayed most of the machines till Tuesday. More help is needed in all parts of the district as most of the machines are running with short crews.

Erick Richardson left last Tuesday morning for Edmonton where he intends starting in the Arts class at the University of Alberta. Erick was one of the star pupils at the Irma Consolidated High School last term and we expect he will make a good showing in Canada's leading University.

Mrs. M. D. Askin went to Edmonton Wednesday to see her son Cecil who is confined to the hospital and has been slowly recovering after a serious operation. Mrs. Askin reports that since last Sunday Cecil has been improving slowly but up till then his condition was very serious.

Mr. R. J. Daley, of Edmonton who is assisting on behalf of the prohibition campaign in the coming plebiscite in Edmonton the first of the week and left Wednesday night for Wainwright to attend the conference there on Thursday which was held to organize the Wainwright constituency.

Posters are out announcing an auction sale to be held on Tuesday, October 16th, by M. E. Walters, who resides 9 miles southwest of Irma and 10 miles north of Hardisty. There are 8 head of horses, 23 head of cattle, implements furniture, etc. Terms of sale cash. Sale starts at 1 p.m. Free lunch at noon. L. G. Weir, auctioneer. W. Masson, clerk.

Mr. F. V. Seibert of the Natural Resources Intelligence Service, Ottawa, was in the Irma district Thursday enquiring into the possibilities of the district as regards finding locations for new settlers which the Department intend bringing to Alberta. Mr. J. Bagley, of Edmonton, accompanied him. Mr. Seibert was very much impressed with the crop conditions in this part of Alberta and with the possibilities of a big oil field being developed in the near future he prophesied a large increase in the population within a very short time.

LEWISVILLE

Mrs. M. M. Ross of Strawberry Plains has gone on a visit to friends in Saskatchewan.

Mr. Barnett has rented the "old Geo. Smith place" and has it in good shape for a crop for next year.

The equinoctial storms are over and the weather seems settled for a long run of threshing.

Earl West is staying at Joe Rubenok and attending Lewisville school. He is Miss Milburn's only Grade 8 pupil.

Mrs. Mike Rubenok of Wainwright passed through here last week to take the train at Hardisty on her way to Montana.

The new stock-yards at Fabyan are finished and work begins on the fine new school right away. Hawkins is now "rearing to go" and is agitating for new roads in, a post office, a store, an elevator, etc. This country is going to develop and nothing can stop it.

COZY SWEATER WOOL

QUALITY Merchandise

"SPARROW HAWK" FINGERING

ENGLISH FINGERING YARNS —

In Grey's, Black, White, Cardinal and three shades of Heather. The most durable yarn for Mittens or Hosiery, the celebrated "Sparrow Hawk" brand.

Special per lb. \$1.75

FINGERING YARNS —

In White, Grey, Black, a big value for either Mittens or Sox, at a

Very Attractive Price, per lb. \$1.45

COZY BRAND SWEATER WOOL —

In all the New Shades. A big favorite is this Lovely Soft Fleecy Wool. A yarn that will wash and wear.

2 Oz. for 35c

A SPLENDID QUALITY FLANNELLETTE —

In a good Stripe Pattern, 30in. wide and a good firm Cloth.

Per yard 25c

BEST QUAL. CANADIAN FLANNELLETTE —

A Nice Nappy Surface, and a Strong, Firm Weave. Full 34in. wide.

Exceptional Value, per yard 30c

ENGLISH FLANNELLETTE —

A Lovely Cloth with lots of body and a nice Fleecy Finish. In a range of Patterns that are Different. A full 34-35in. wide.

Special, per yard 35c

WOOL FLANNELS —

These are Wool Flannels from a celebrated Ontario Mill. They give you warmth and wear for shirts or under-clothes. A really High Grade Flannel, in Plain Grey, and "pick-and-pick" patterns.

Per yard 75c

ENGLISH TWEED —

In Heather Shade, a full 40 inches wide that is a good cloth for heavy shirts, Boys Clothing, etc.

Per yard \$1.20

PAJAMA CLOTH —

A nice cloth made that you will like for Night Gowns, etc. It is unexcelled. In Pure White, the finish and Quality of this lovely cloth isout of the ordinary indeed, a full 36in. wide.

Per yard 50c

Slater Shoes for Men

J. C. McFarland Co

Special Value in SOX

DON'T FORGET SUNDAY SCHOOL RALLY DAY, SEPT. 30TH.

We want it to be a real rallying together of all its forces now the vacation time is over. We want to make it a home coming and re-union day for every member of our Sunday School. A hearty welcome is extended to adults and especially parents. Plan to come whatever the weather may be. Let this Rally Day be a great day for our Sunday School.

"Well begun is half done" is an old saying which has a certain application to our school this year. Let us start it with enthusiasm, a consecration and purpose to help that will carry us forward to success. Don't forget the date and the hour, Sunday, Sept. 30th at 2:30 p.m.

CHURCH SERVICES

Alma Mater and Sunny Brae will be closed for that day.

Go. H. Elliott, Pastor

WANT ADS.

WANTED—A good second hand Mangle.—Apply Irma Hotel, Irma.

FOR SALE—Or trade for cattle or machinery. Overland Car in good condition.—Roy Goodrich, Irma, 19-23c

FOR SALE — One Zinc Lined Threshers Water Tank, complete with hose and pump.—G. A. Sissons, N. E. 14-46-9, Irma, Alta.

3tp.

STRAYED—Twelve head Yearling Shorthorn cattle brandied, reverse G Y with bar under on left hip. Will give \$5.00 reward for locating same, apply Geo. Pheasie, Saltaux, Alta., or phone R. 1508 Manville. 19-25P

LOST—From Camp near Viking one black mare weight 1250 lbs., branded C with letter J inside, on left shoulder. Suitable reward if returned to me either at Viking of Irma.—G. A. Sisson, N.E. 14-46-9, Irma. 3tp.

FOR SALE—Registered Yorkshire Boar, from good stock. Apply W. D. Ramsey Phone R709, Irma, Alta. 22-4p

IMPOUNDED—In the Municipal Pound kept by J. Carrington on the S. E. of Section 28-46-8-4, Irma, P.O. One Black Poll Bull, no visible brands 2-2c.

Father: "I never smoked when I was your age. Will you be able to tell that to your son when you are my age?" Son: "Not with such a straight face as you do, father."

Lubricating Oils and Greases

WE NOW HAVE A Complete stock of the finest grades of Lubricating Oils and Greases, with best Wholesale and Retail prices on them all.

E. L. Elford IRMA

FORD AND FORDSON DEALER

Cars in Stock at All Times

IRMA MOTORS

Irma, Alberta

NOTICE

To Leaseholders in Irma-Fabyan-Wainwright Field

WE ARE PREPARED TO GROUP AND PROTECT ANY LEASES ADJOINING OUR HOLDINGS AND WOULD BE PLEASED TO HEAR FROM ANY ONE OWNING LEASES IN ABOVE FIELDS.

Irma Oil Holdings, Ltd

Non-Personal Liability

IRMA,

ALBERTA

HAVE YOU RENEWED YOUR SUBSCRIPTION

SMOKE CIGARS

The Tobacco of Quality
1/2 LB. TNS
and in packages

HIDDEN GOLD

— BY —
WILDER ARNTHONY

Canadian Rights Arranged With
Publishers, F. D. Goodchild Co.
200 King St. West, Toronto.

(Continued)

"No, Gordon, not. Oh, please, not that!" the girl pleaded.

"Sure, I'll fight," Moran answered, a gleam of joy in his eyes. He glared in the tremendous strength of a body which had brought him victory in half a hundred barroom combats. He felt that no one lived, outside the prize-ring, who could beat him on an even footing.

"Take his gun away from him," Wade told Dorothy. "It's the second time you've disarmed him, but it's to be the last. He'll never carry a gun again." "Take it!" he repeated, commandingly, and when she obeyed, added: "Toss it on the bed." He stood his rifle in a corner near the door.

"You're a fool, Wade," Moran taunted as they came together. "I'm going to kill you first and then I'll take my will of her." But nothing he could say could add to Wade's fury, already at its coldest, most deadly point.

He answered by a jab at the big man's mouth, which Moran cleverly ducked; for so heavy a man, he was wonderfully quick on his feet. He ducked and parried three other such vicious leads, when, by a clever feint, Wade drew an opening and succeeded in landing his right fist, hard as a bag of stones, full in the pit of his adversary's stomach. It was an awful blow, one that would have killed a smaller man; but Moran merely staggered and broke ground for an instant. Then he landed a swinging left on the side of Wade's head which opened a cut over his ear and nearly felled him.

Back and forth across the little room they fought with little advantage either way, while Dorothy watched them breathlessly. Like gladiators they circled each other, coming together at intervals with the shock of two enraged bulls. Both were soon

bleeding from small cuts on the head and face, but neither was aware of the fact. Occasionally they collided with articles of furniture, which were overturned and swept aside almost unnoticed; while Dorothy was forced to step quickly from one point to another to keep clear of them. Several times Wade told her to leave the room, but she would not go.

Finally the ranchman's superior condition began to tell in his favor. At the end of ten minutes' fighting, the agent's breathing became labored and his movements slower. Wade, still darting about quickly and lightly, had no longer much difficulty in punishing the brutal, tearing face before him. Time after time he drove his fists mercilessly into Moran's features until they lost the appearance of anything human and began to resemble raw meat.

But suddenly, in attempting to side step one of his opponent's bull-like rushes, the cattleman slipped in a puddle of blood and half fell, and before he could regain his footing Moran had seized him. Then Wade learned how the big man's reputation for tremendous strength had been won. Cruelly, implacably, those great ape-like arms entwined about the ranchman's body until the very breaths was crushed out of it. Resorting to a trick he knew, he strove desperately to free himself, but all the strength in his own muscular body was powerless to break the other's hold. With a crash that shook the house to its foundation, they fell to the floor, and by a lucky twist Wade managed to fall on top.

The force of the fall had shaken Moran somewhat, and the cattleman, by calling on the whole of his strength, succeeded in tearing his arms free. Plunging his fingers into the thick, mottled throat, he quivered steadily until Moran's struggles grew weaker and weaker. Finally they ceased entirely and the huge, heavy body lay still.

Wade stumbled to his feet and staggered across the room.

"It's all right," he said thickly, and added at sight of Dorothy's wide, terror-stricken eyes: "Frightened you, didn't we? Guess I should have shot him and made a clean job of it; but I couldn't somehow."

"Oh, he's hurt you terribly!" the girl cried, bursting into fresh tears.

Wade laughed and tenderly put his arms around her, for weak though he was and with nerves twitching like

those of a recently sobered drunkard, he was not too weak or sick to enjoy the privilege of soothing her. "The feel of her in his arms was wonderful happiness to him, and her tearful face for him seemed far more precious than all the gold on his land. He had just lifted her up on the sill of the open window, thinking that the fresh air might steady her, when she looked over his shoulder and saw Moran, who had regained consciousness, in the act of reaching for his revolver, which lay on the bed where she had tossed it.

"Oh, see what's he's doing! Look out!"

Her cry of warning came just too late. There was a flash and roar, and a hot flame seemed to pass through Wade's body. Half turning about, he clutched at the air, and then pitched forward to the floor, where he lay still. Flourishing his gun, Moran got unsteadily to his feet and turned a ghastly, duped visage to the girl who, stunned and helpless, was gazing at him in white-eyed horror. But she had nothing more to fear from him; for now that he loved Wade's death the agent was too overshadowed by his crime to think of repeating another avenger's. It had already wasted too much valuable time. He must get away.

"I got him," he croaked, in a terrible voice. "I got him like I said I would, damn him!" With a blood-curdling attempt at a laugh, he staggered out of the house into the sunshine.

For a moment Dorothy stared wonderingly through the empty doorway; then, with a choking sob, she bent over the man at her feet. She shook him gently and begged him to speak to her, but she could get no response and under her glowing fingers his heart apparently had ceased to beat. For a few seconds she stared at the widening patch of red on his torn shirt; then her gaze shifted and focused on the rifle in the corner by the door. As she looked at the weapon her wide, fear-struck eyes narrowed and hardened with a sudden resolve. Seizing the gun, she cocked it and stepped into the doorway.

Moran was walking unsteadily toward the place where he had tied his horse. He was taking from side to side like a drunken man, waving his arms about and talking to himself. Briming the rifle to her shoulder, Dorothy stalked him, and when she reached the doorway and took long, careful aim. As she sighted the weapon her usually pretty face, now scratched and streaked with blood from her struggles with the agent, wore the expression of one who has seen all that is dear in life slip from her. At the moment she cracked the rifle Moran stopped short and a convulsive shudder racked his big body from head to foot. After a single step forward he crumpled up on the ground. For several moments his arms and legs twitched spasmodically, but he lay still.

Horried by what she had done, now that it was accomplished, Dorothy stepped backward into the house and stood the life in its former position near the door, when a low moan from behind made her turn hurriedly. Wade was not dead, then. She hastened to his side, and found that his left leg, twisting in a low cry of pain, was the only part of his body that the hurt seemed a frightful agony. Dreading lest he should regain consciousness and find himself alone, she decided to remain with him, instead of going for the help she craved; most likely she would be unable to find her way back to the house, and she stopped the flow of blood as best she could, put a pillow under the ranchman's head, kissing him afterwards. "Let me see your arm, please," she said, never knowing for how long.

Sanitary reached the house just as Mrs. Purnell and Barker returned with their berries, and the three found the girl bathing the wounded man's face, and crying over him.

"Boy, boy!" Sanitary sobbed, dropping on his knees before the unconscious figure. "Who done this to you?"

Dorothy wearily explained, and when she told of her own part in shooting Moran the old fellow patted her approvingly on the back. "Good girl," he said heartily. "But I wish that job had been left for me."

"Merciful heavens!" cried Mrs. Purnell. "I shall never get on my feet with trembling hands she took the basin and towel from her daughter and set them one side, then she gently urged the girl to her feet.

"You!" said Sanitary, so fiercely to Barker that the man winced in spite of himself. "Help me to lay him on the bed, so's to do it gentler."

Dorothy, who felt certain that Wade was mortally hurt, struggled desperately against the feeling of faintness which was creeping over her. She caught at a chair for support, and her mother caught her in her arms.

"My poor dear, you're worn out. Go lie down, Oh, when I think—"

"Don't talk to me, mother!" Dorothy waved her back for the presence close to her of another person could only mean her collapse. "I'm all right. I'm of no consequence now. He needs a doctor," she added, turning to Sanitary, who stood near the bed bowed with grief. He too, thought that Wade would never be himself again.

"I'll go," said Barker, eager to do something to atone for his absence at the critical moment, but Sanitary touched upon him in a rage.

"You—you stunk!" he snarled, and gestured fiercely toward the bed. "He left you there to look after things and you—went berry pickin'!" Barker seemed so crushed by the scorn in the old man's words that Dorothy's sympathy was stirred.

"It wasn't Barker's fault," she said quickly. "There seemed to be no danger. Gordon said so himself. But one of you go, immediately, for the doctor."

"I'll go," Sanitary responded and hurried from the room, followed by Barker, thoroughly wretched.

Dorothy went to the bedside and looked down into Wade's white face, then she knelt there on the floor and said a little prayer to the God of all men to be merciful to her.

"Maybe if I made you a cup of tea?" Mrs. Purnell anxiously suggested, but the girl shook her head listlessly. Tea

was the elder woman's panacea for all ills.

"Don't bother me, mother, please. I—I've just been through a good deal. I can't really, I can't."

Mrs. Purnell, subsiding at last, thereafter held her peace, and Dorothy sat down by the bed to be instantly ready to do anything that could be done. She had sat thus, almost without stirring, for nearly an hour, when Wade moved slightly and opened his eyes.

"What is it?" She bent over him instantly, forgetting everything except that he was awake and that he seemed to know her.

"Is it you, Dorothy?" He groped weakly for her fingers.

"Yes, dear," she answered, gulping back the sob in her throat. "Is there anything you want? What can I do for you?"

He smiled feebly and shook his head.

"Is all right, if it's you," he said faintly, after a moment. "You're all right—always."

(To be continued)

Something People Should Know

Sixth Year Tooth Is Permanent and Cannot Be Replaced

"Tell the public!" That is what Dr. Mustard, health officer of Preston County, W. Va., wants to do. Recently the Preston County Department of Health announced that the children of the county were about one-sixty-six molar; and the editor of the Preston County Journal dropped around to the health officer's to find out what a six-year molar was. This is how he tells the story:

"When we asked the doctor about molars he plunged into a corner and brought out a diagram of the teeth of a six-year-old child.

"The six-year molar," he said, "are the first permanent teeth a child gets. You, like most parents and some dentists, probably think that 'first' applies only to the first milk teeth. This is incorrect.

"Look at this diagram. Start at the space between the middle teeth and count backward: The first five teeth are temporary; the sixth is the first of the permanent teeth; it is called the six-year molar because it comes at about six years of age. Note that there are four of these, one on either side of the lower jaw and two on either side of the upper jaw."

"Didn't know that tooth was permanent did you? Lots of people don't. Persons who don't know, think it is a temporary tooth, nor does any other tooth ever take its place. When it goes it goes forever."

"Well," we asked, "won't it be stronger than the temporary teeth and last longer?"

"It may or it may not," answered the doctor. "It's a large tooth, but its upper surface has a lot of pockets which invite decay unless the tooth is kept clean and unless the child is properly fed."

"Properly fed?" we asked.

"Exactly," replied the doctor. Children can't grow as they should unless they are properly fed. Their bones, including their teeth, will be chalky; and chalky teeth decay quickly. More over, six-year molars come just when the temporary teeth are decaying. Rot in teeth spreads like rot in a barrel of apples; and the molars, particularly if they are chalky, stand no more chance in a month full of rotting teeth than a snowball in July.

"Some of them are allowed to decay along with the temporary teeth and others are pulled by parents or by officious neighbors because they are only milk teeth," Dr. Mustard was waxing indignant.

"We were indignant too!" "How can we help?" we asked. "The public ought to know about this; and we want to do our share."

"Use your paper," cried the doctor, enthusiastically. "Tell 'em once, tell 'em twice, tell 'em over and over again. Tell each mother to examine her child's mouth and count back to the sixth tooth. Tell 'em if it's decayed to hurry that child to the dentist. Tell 'em that once a six-year molar is gone forever; and that these molars are all as important to the mouth as a keystone is to an arch. Tell 'em not to allow six-year molars to be pulled even if they are decayed, unless the dentist insists; and to be mighty sure that he is a real dentist!"

So we're telling them—that is, YOU!

More Than a Diplomat

A real diplomat is the shoe clerk who can tell a young lady a pair of shoes telling her that three are the size, but six would look better. St. Catharines Standard.

High Yield Of Clover and Hay

An unusual high yield of mixed clover and alfalfa is reported by the Central Experimental Farm at Ottawa, where three tons of cured hay per acre are being secured on a first cutting, with a prospect of an additional ton per acre at a second cutting. This compares with an average throughout Canada over the years 1916 to 1920 of 1.55 tons of hay and clover and 2.40 of alfalfa.

Vital question: "Why are motor cyclists always in such a hurry, and what do they do with all the time they save?"—Nashville Tennessean.

It is claimed that crows, eagles, ravens and swans live to be 100 years old.

The first fed car run between Chicago and New York was in 1867.

THE OLD RELIABLE

Minard's gets at the root of the trouble. Stops inflammation, deadens pain.

MINARD'S

"KING OF PAIN"

MINARD'S

MINARD'S

MINARD'S

MINARD'S

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MINARD'S

MINARD'S

It's Great

to be thirsty—
when you know
the answer



A pure beverage—
bottled in our absolutely
sanitary plant
where every bottle is
sterilized.

Buy it by the case
from your dealer and
keep a few bottles on
ice at home.

Drink
Coca-Cola
Delicious and Refreshing

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY
Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver

No. 10 Downing Street.

British Premier's House One of
Pleasantest in London

No. 10 Downing Street, into which Stanley Baldwin moved from the house next door, is one of the most comfortable houses in London, and there are few women who would not take a pride in being for some time mistress of its fortunes, writes Reginald Pound in the London Daily Express.

The Pittsburgh millionaire who was alleged not long ago to have cabined a leading firm of London estate agents offering a fabulous rent for No. 10, furnished or unfurnished, was exacted by 200 years too late.

This famous house has not been in the market since the time when, following the death of its builder and first owner, Sir George Downing, Ambassador to The Hague and sometime Secretary of the Treasury, it passed into the hands of his grandson, Charles Downing who advertised it "to let" in the Daily Courant.

The house was taken for a time by Baron Bismarck, the Hanoverian Minister, on whose death it reverted to the Crown, and was presented by George II. to Sir Robert Walpole and his successor in office as their official residence.

A long line of Prime Ministers has come and gone since then, but the drab-looking house with the shining lead on its roof, the portico lamp, and the white front step remains substantially what it was when Horace Walpole wrote admiringly of the view of the park from one of its windows, and when the Duke of Newcastle made his famous "Cavalation, 'Cape Breton an island! God bless me! I must run and tell the king!'"

In the little known garden of No. 10, Lord Beaconsfield took his morning airing, unaware, quite probably that he was pacing ground which in earlier days was the site of the cock pens from which the birds were illustrated to fight in the adjacent famous cockpit. Gladstone used to sun himself there and play with his grand children—a perfect picture of a great man in repose.

During the war the garden was encroached on by important overflew government offices, in which history was made with a dispatch that must have frightened away forever the ghosts of former occupants of the house.

Keep Stomach and Bowels Right

By giving baby the harmless, purely vegetable, and children's regulator, Mrs. Winslow's Syrup.

It's a sure remedy for all the troubles of making baby's stomach digest food and move more as they should at bedtime. Time Guaranteed Free from narcotics, opium, alcohol and all harmful ingredients. Safe and satisfactory.

At All Drug Stores

Look at the Head

RED BLUE

Will weigh 155 a box

The brilliant head—band of blue, tipped with red—is the mark by which you can always distinguish a MAPLE LEAF MATCH.

This distinctive head means to you that the matches are safe and safe—always dependable—non-poisonous, no glow, the kind that won't blow—stronger and longer, different and better.

Look for the head—band of blue, tipped with red. It is the symbol of match excellence.

Also pocket size 25¢

MAPLE LEAF MATCHES

Different and better

THE CANADIAN MATCH CO. LIMITED, MONTREAL

W. N. U. 1486

UNLESS you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all



Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains directions and dose worked out by physicians during 22 years and proved safe by millions for

Colds Headache Rheumatism
Toothache Neuralgia Neuritis
Earache Lumbago Pain, Pain

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacturers of Monoaceticacid. To assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

ROYAL YEAST CAKES

Good home-made bread is the finest food on earth—the one food that everybody eats—and that agrees with everybody.



MADE IN CANADA

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Lieut.-General Sir Edward Hutton, 75, who was general in charge of the Canadian militia 1889-1900, died recently in London.

Richard D. Waugh, of Winnipeg, tendered his resignation as British representative on the Saare governing commission.

Benjamin Sulte, well known Canadian poet-historian, who retired in 1902 as deputy minister of the civil service, died at Ottawa, Aug. 6.

The Earl and Countess of Strathford, accompanied by the Ladies Elizabeth and Mary Byng, have sailed from Liverpool on the Montcalm to pay a visit to the Governor-General.

The Quebec Government will establish an insurance fund whereby families of officials of the superior courts and other civil departments will be provided for upon the death of the employees.

Contracts have been made by German grain importers for 15,750,000 bushels of rye from Russia for the coming year, according to cable advice to the department of agriculture. Part payment is to be made in goods.

Starting from scratch, L. L. Carter, piloting a Napier Lion, won the aerial handicap drive around London, over a course of 200 miles, finishing in 1 hour 2 minutes and 23 seconds, at an average speed of 192.4 miles an hour.

King Albert of Belgium administered the oath of office to M. Forthomme, the new minister of national defence, succeeding M. Devreeze, who resigned because parliament was unwilling to approve his idea for a stronger defensive force.

Thirty-two national groups have forwarded nominations to the League of Nations for the election to be held in September to fill the vacancy on the court of international justice due to the death of Rui Barbosa, of Brazil. About twenty-eight candidates have been nominated.

Australia's Fruit Production

The annual fruit production of Australia has increased from about 1,000,000 bushels in 1918 to 4,762,876, the figures for last year.

The fruit finds a ready market in England, where it has already served to lower the price on all classes of fruit.

Only the uninformed endure the agony of corns. The knowing ones apply Holloway's Corn Remover and get relief.

It was stated in the British House of Commons by Prime Minister Baldwin that the cost of the occupation of Constantinople and the adjacent area since the armistice has been £29,115.

Wall paintings which have been hidden under whitewash for 600 years are now being recovered at Paston Church, Norfolk, Eng.

It spelt the effect if a man gets angry during a religious argument.

MURINE
For Your Eyes
Refreshes Tired Eyes
Write Murine Co., Chicago, for Eye Care Book

W. N. U. 1485

A New Idea In Sport Wear



A very novel idea is this combination of a black and white checked worsted coat with a white flannel skirt, knife pleated. To complete it goes a white hat with green and black trimming and sport shoes of black and white.

PALE FACES AND WORN OUT NERVES

Due Solely to Weak, Watery Blood—

Anæmia—literally impoverished blood—comes on so stealthily that it is often well advanced before its presence is recognized. Feelings of fatigue and discomfort are the earliest manifestations of the trouble and these are seldom taken seriously. Gradually small tasks become an effort and exertion causes the heart to palpitate violently. The complexion becomes sallow or pale and there is loss of weight. The nerves grow weak and the victim displays irritability under slight provocation and is extremely sensitive to noise. The appetite is feeble and indigestion often follows.

A condition of anæmia calls for a tonic, one that will enrich the blood and strengthen the nerves, and for this purpose there is nothing so equal as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills give the blood all those missing elements necessary to give strength to the nerves, color to the cheeks and nourishment to starved organs and tissues.

Miss Margaret J. Fraser, R. 2, Thessalon, Ont., has proved the value of this treatment. She says: "I was very pale and weak. My blood was poor and I was very nervous. I lost my appetite, my feet and ankles were swollen and I was in a very miserable condition. A friend advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I got two boxes, and found before they were finished that they were helping me. I continued the pills until I had taken a half dozen boxes, with the result that I am now enjoying the best of health, all symptoms having disappeared. I feel confident that what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills did for me they will do for others. If given to you by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont."

Tourists Visiting Canada
Thousands of tourists are now passing through Alberta, visiting the various national parks and other places of interest. The auto camps at Calgary, Edmonton and elsewhere report many visitors. During the Calgary Stampede nineteen auto parties from California alone were registered at the Calgary camp.

For Scalds or Burns.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is a standard remedy for the prompt treatment of scalds and burns. Its healing power quickly soothes the pain and aids a speedy recovery from the injury. It is also an excellent remedy for all manner of cuts, bruises and sprains, as well as for relieving the pains arising from inflammation of various kinds. A bottle in the house and stable saves many a doctor's and veterinary's fee.

Enviably Notoriety
When President Harding met the people of Cordova, Alaska, he was informed that the town had no grievances to be redressed and had no new theories of government to propound. Some new form of civic award should be created forthwith and Cordova's name and unique condition should be suitably engraved at the top of the scroll.—Victoria Times.

People of Cordova, Alaska, he was informed that the town had no grievances to be redressed and had no new theories of government to propound. Some new form of civic award should be created forthwith and Cordova's name and unique condition should be suitably engraved at the top of the scroll.—Victoria Times.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

HARD PIMPLES DISFIGURED FACE

Very Sore, Itched and Burned. Could Not Sleep, Cuticura Heals.

"My face became affected with large, hard, red pimples that were very sore. They scaled over and itched and burned so that I could not sleep. My face was awfully disfigured for the time being. I read an advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment and sent for a free sample. My face began to feel better so I purchased a box of Soap and one and one-half boxes of Ointment. I was healed." (Signed) Miss Lillian R. Ladue, Jericho, N.Y.

Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum are all you need for every-day toilet and nursery purposes. Sample sent free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura," Dept. 560, Portland, Me., U.S.A. Sold every-where. Soap and Ointment, 25c. each. Talcum, 10c. each. Cuticura Soap shaves without razor.

Shipments From Vancouver Port

Rapid Increase In Export of Wheat and Flour

That this port is one of the logical shipping points of flour and wheat to Great Britain and the Orient, is evidenced by the rapid increase in exports of these commodities. Two or three years ago shipments to the Orient constituted a negligible quantity; today, they amount to several million bushels of wheat and hundreds of thousands of barrels of wheat flour. During the past six months the flour and grain exports amounted to half a million barrels and over ten million bushels, respectively, according to a statement issued by the Vancouver Merchants' Exchange. This is an increase compared with the corresponding period of last year of nearly five million bushels of wheat and several hundred thousand barrels of flour.

HER BABY SUFFERED WITH SUMMER COMPLAINT

A fact mothers must face is that summer complaint with the prostration, often verging on collapse, which sometimes accompanies this disease, makes it one of the most serious and dangerous of infant ailments.

Thousands of infants die annually whose lives could have no doubt been saved by the timely use of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Sarsaparilla, and it has been the experience of thousands of mothers during the past 75 years, this valuable preparation has been on the market, that if the safe and most effective remedy for use in all cases of looseness of the bowels.

Mr. S. Lafontaine, Grand Desert, Ont., writes: "My baby, when a year old, was suffering with summer complaint. I tried various remedies but nothing would stop the vomiting and diarrhoea. A friend told me to try Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Sarsaparilla and after the second dose the baby was better and I can say it saved my baby's life."

Price 50c a bottle; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

The Flying Mosquito

They say a mosquito can fly ten miles, but it isn't the distance he flies that bothers us, it's what he does when he stops.—El Paso Herald.

Miller's Worm Powders are a prompt relief from the attacks of worms in children. They are powerful in their action and, while leaving nothing to be desired as a worm expellant, have an invigorating effect upon the youthful system, ridding fever, biliousness, loss of appetite, sleeplessness, and other ailments that follow disorders caused by worms in the stomach and bowels.

Fundamentals

The right to work, the right to trade, the right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, have not yet been passed over to anybody to exercise arbitrarily over anybody else. These things are fundamental, whether it be of labor or of capital, or of reform, might just as well recognize these fundamental things first as last.—Sprinfield Union.

Italy has the lowest cancer rate in the world, according to statistics made public by Prof. Lutarie, Director General of Public Health.

PRICKLY HEAT

Minard's counteracts the inflammation, eases and heals the skin.

MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
LINIMENT

A Flying Mail Train

Expert Sorters Work Same As On Railway Train

A "flying mail train" is the latest type of airplane to be developed in England.

In the plane's mail chamber, says the Daily Chronicle's aeronautical expert, sorters will be able to carry on their work as they might in a railway mail train. It will have a radius of 2,000 miles and will be able to stay in the air 24 hours without alighting. The crew in charge will be provided with regular sleeping quarters on board. They will, in fact, work in shifts while in the air, some of them sleeping while others are on duty in the control chamber.

If necessary, when flying at night or immersed in fog or cloud, the crew will be able to bring into play mechanisms which will endow the craft with the power of automatic self-balance. The machine will virtually fly itself, and all the helmsman will have to do will be to keep it on a compass course by means of the rudder.

Constipated Headache Subdued Quickly

Bad Breath, Sour Stomach, Muddy Complexion Made To Go Quickly

Results In One Night!

This Remedy Works While You Sleep

It only takes one night to prove the wonder-working power of Dr. Hamilton's Pills. They are the smoothest acting laxative yet devised, the kind that a child or delicate woman can use with comfort. Folks who are half sick, sort of run-down, lacking in spirits and energy, those who find a day's toll exhausts mind and body—these are the people who can be restored by Dr. Hamilton's Pills to vigorous health that will outlast old age. Get a few 25c boxes of Hamilton's Pills today. Sold every-where.

Ottawa Sometimes Breaks Rule

Forward Live Chicks Through Mail Although Against Regulations

Although the shipping of live chicks through the mails by parcel post is prohibited in Canada, the officials of the post office occasionally receive shipments of live chicks which have been accepted in the United States for delivery in Canada. The officials have the power to refuse the shipments and send them back to the point of shipping, but as this in most cases would mean the death of the chicks, officials usually send the cases on to their destination.

Many people wonder how it is that small chicks, only a few hours hatched, can go a journey as far as where from 12 hours to three days, without food and yet arrive alive. This explanation is that a chick when hatched does not require food for from 48 to 72 hours. The chick is ordered by the poultrymen some days before it is hatched and when the batch is hatched it is put into specially prepared boxes right away and started on its journey to the purchaser. As a rule all the chicks in the shipments come through their first adventure in life in good health.

France Restores Land

Country Is Now Most Prosperous One In Europe

Practically all lands in France of the better quality have been restored to cultivation. Out of more than 4,000,000 acres to be re-adapted, 4,000,000 acres had been reclaimed by September 1 last, while much of the remaining is unproductive soil which will only be put into cultivation again when economic pressure compels.

France, according to the usual trade indices, is the most prosperous country in Europe today, not excepting countries like Holland and Switzerland, whose currencies are practically at par.

Substitute For Flax

Linum, heretofore made exclusively from flax, has been growing dearer and scarcer, in proportion as the flax plant has become rarer and more difficult to cultivate. Now, it is said, a satisfactory substitute has been found in the flax lily, which grows in abundance in New Zealand. The plant will grow admirably in many parts of Europe and North America. It is far easier to cultivate than flax itself, and has a yield of 2,240 pounds to the acre.

"What did you say your age was?" he remarked between dances. "Well, I didn't say," returned the girl smartly, "but I've just reached twenty-one."

"Is that so?" he returned consolingly. "What detained you?"

There hasn't been an execution in Denmark in 30 years. So the punishment commission is considering a proposal for abolition of capital punishment.

Keep Your Shoes Neat

2 IN 1
WHITE
Shoe Dressing
CAKE OR LIQUID

Swims English Channel

American Is Third Man to Accomplish Hazardous Feat

Henry Sullivan, of Lowell, Mass., has succeeded in swimming the English Channel, according to a Paris dispatch to the Exchange, Telegraph Company. He reached Calais after swimming a distance of 90 kilometers, or nearly 60 miles.

Sullivan landed in front of the Calais Casino. His time was 23 hours 50 minutes.

Sullivan is the third man to accomplish the hazardous feat of swimming the English Channel. The first man to make the passage across the narrow but always choppy course, with its tides and eddies, was Captain Matthew Webb, and the second T. W. Burgess, both Englishmen. Webb made the swim on August 24-25, 1875, in 21 hours 45 minutes. Burgess accomplished the feat on September 6, 1911, swimming from South Foreland, England, to Leithaleat, France. His time was 22 hours and 35 minutes.

The present was Sullivan's seventh attempt. There has been standing for a long time an offer of a London publication of a prize of \$5,000 for the successful crossing of the channel by a man or woman swimmer.

Needed Rivalry

There has not been a murder in Elster during the past three months. There were 89 during the same period in 1925. Rivalry between North and South in law observance would do much to bring happiness and prosperity back to the Green Isles.—Toronto Globe.

Recognized as a leading specific for the destruction of worms, Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator has proved a boon to suffering children everywhere. It seldom fails.

The fastest flowing river in the world is 'The Suttie'; in India, it rises 15,000 feet above the sea, and falls 12,000 feet in the course of 130 miles.

Some men are not content with being treated well; they want to be treated often.

PALES
Do not suffer from itching, redness, or burning of the skin. Use Pales. It is the best remedy for all skin diseases. It is sold everywhere. Get a bottle at your druggist's today. Regular for Home Treatment.—Refined for Human Use. DR. R. J. KENDALL COMPANY, Kenosha Falls, Wis., U.S.A.

MONEY ORDERS
Pay your out of town accounts by Dominion Express Money Orders. Five dollars costs three cents.

Be Safe!

Don't wait for someone to be in pain to get Kendall's Spavin Treatment in the house. For all external troubles and pains—for all muscular troubles.

Kendall's Spavin Treatment makes good. KENDALL'S Spavin Treatment is the only remedy for all spavin troubles. It is sold everywhere. Get a bottle at your druggist's today. Regular for Home Treatment.—Refined for Human Use. DR. R. J. KENDALL COMPANY, Kenosha Falls, Wis., U.S.A.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN TREATMENT

WRIGLEY'S

After Every Meal

Have a packet in your pocket for ever-ready refreshment.

Aids digestion. Alleviates thirst. Soothes the throat.

For Quality, Flavor and the Sealed Package—get

WRIGLEY'S
SPEARMINT
CHOCOLATE
FLAVOR LASTS

LARSON'S Store

"THE STORE THAT SERVES YOU BEST"

DRY GOODS

NEW COATINGS FOR AUTUMN AND WINTER ARE OF RICH, WARM TEXTURES AND LOVELY COLORINGS.

PLAID BACK COATING—

54in. wide, an all wool coating, made with a reversible plaid back, which takes the place of a lining and adds greatly to appearance of the coat when made up. 54 inches wide, at \$4.25 yd.

ALL-WOOL VELOUR COATING—

You will find this Velour Cloth splendid for Womens and Childrens Coats. 54 inches wide. \$2.25 to \$2.95 yd.

BLANKET COATING—54in. wide at \$2.55 yd. Especially suitable for Boys Reefers and Coats.

HEAVY WOOL DONEGAL TWEED at \$1.75

54in. wide, Dark Grey Mixture. An English made Tweed, wonderful economy and endurance. It is a wonderful cloth for boys suits, and womens separate skirts. Cannot be beaten for hard wear.

ALL-WOOL ENGLISH CHINCHILLA \$2.25 yd White, 54in. wide, for infants and small childrens coats, very warm and good in appearance.

HEAVY EIDERDOWN COATING, 54in. \$1.95 This serviceable material is very warm. Comes in Scarlet, Blue, Fawn and rus. Very nice for Kiddies Coats.

MIXED HOMESPUN, 54in. wide, at \$1.50 yd.

We recommend this cloth for dresses and skirts for Fall requirements at as moderate an outlay as possible.

DRESS FLANNEL, 56in. wide, at \$1.95 yd.

Remember you'll only require 2 yds of this material for a dress that would cost you from \$15 to \$20 ready-made. Think of the saving.

GROCERIES

Pure Extracted Honey 5 lb. Pail 95c
Lamp and Lantern Glasses 15c ea.
White Soap Chips 20c lb.
Royal Household Flour in Stock.

CLOVER LEAF CUPS & SAUCERS at \$2.25 doz.

A crate of these cups just opened up. We recommend this cup for everyday use, has blocked in handle, a Special at above price.

Salt and Peppers at 30c pr.

POPULAR ENGLISH TEAPOTS—nice assortment of sizes & colors. Very moderately priced.

THE STORE OF COURTESY, SERVICE, AND VALUE FOR YOUR MONEY.

Cash System

Manager T. A. Ledin

When in Calgary Stop at—

The HOTEL ALEXANDRA

"THE HOUSE OF COMFORT"

Free Bus.

Free Telephone

Fire Proof

Rates—\$1 \$1.50 and \$2. With bath \$2 & \$2.50

226—9th Ave. East.

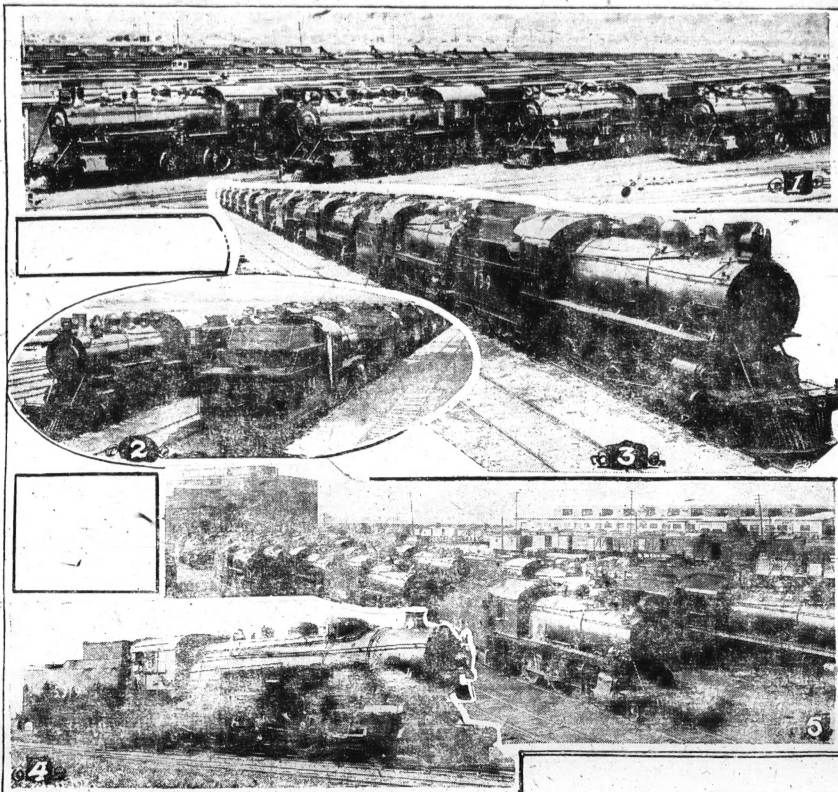
OPEN for Business

WE ARE Open for Business. Our Dray will meet all trains and cream will be graded as soon as it reaches the Creamery. We aim to satisfy all our patrons and solicit your business.

Irma Creamery Co. Ltd

IRMA,

ALBERTA



Iron Horses Ready For Grain Rush

HERE are some of the engines and box cars, Canadian made for Canadian traffic, which arrived in Winnipeg recently to augment the rolling stock of the Canadian Pacific railway. This equipment is now in readiness for the transporting of western Canada's crop, which bids fair to be one of the largest ever recorded. These additional engines and cars were constructed at the company's shops at Angus, near Montreal, and have been assembled at the Weston shops, Winnipeg, awaiting the call to the harvest fields of the west.

The upper picture shows four trains leaving Weston with a string of approximately 100 box cars per engine. Each car has a capacity of 60 tons.

(2) and (3) some of the new freight engines which will be used to haul the grain throughout the three prairie provinces. (4) One of the 55 new P-2 class engines. These engines have a total weight of 252 tons, exerting a traction

effort of 55,000 pounds. Their driving wheels are 5 feet 3 inches in diameter, cylinders 25 1/2 in. diameter by 32 in. stroke; the total length being 81 feet, 4 1/2 inches. The tender has a water capacity of 8,000 gallons and 14 tons of coal, which is equal to the average citizen's winter supply of fuel. These engines are known as the P-2 class, numbered in 5,300 series. They have vestibule cabs for the comfort of the engine crew and are electrically equipped throughout. The complete weight of one train hauled by one of these engines, including the engine, is 4,476 tons, of which 3,020 tons would be the carrying capacity for wheat, or 100,660 bushels in each train. The carrying capacity of the 45 engines of this standard is 4,529,700 bushels per trip. Each engine makes one trip a day. Picture No. 5 shows another group of the new Canadian Pacific locomotives. Their capacity and weight rank them among the biggest of their type in the world.

More or Less Funny

"Your wife has such a soft liquid voice."

"Yes, but it's hard to stop the flow."

Her: "I can't express my love in words."

She: "Perhaps you can in figures."

Becker: "He is fast, isn't he?"

Ames: "Yes, but not fast enough to keep up with running expenses."

"Doctor, will you tell me what that dot of mine, Rastus, am efforts' off?"

"He's such 'fatted wild chicken' stealin', sah, complicated with birdshot in de back."

Mamma: "Yes, please, the angels can hear everything; they heard your prayers last night."

Effie: "That's funny; I didn't say them."

Teacher: "Who can describe a cat-erpillar?"

Tommy: "I can, teacher."

"Well, Tommy, what is it?"

"An unbelistered worm."

Kind Young Lady: "Shall we make mud pies?"

Small Boy: "No, mud pies gets ye all dirty, an' first thing ye know some body springs a bath on ye."

"Please kind lady, could you spare a poor man something to eat?"

"I will call my husband."

"No, thanks, mum; I'm not a cannibal!"

Bank Manager: "Look here! Every time I come in here I find you fast asleep."

Cashier: "Well, that shows I've got a clear conscience."

Her: "Well, I must kiss you good-bye until to-morrow."

She: "No, Jim, I couldn't hold my breath so long; and besides, I must go home in ten minutes."

Mrs: "And you used to say you were willing to die for me?"

Mr: "So I am!"

Mrs: "And yet you refuse me a new dress?"

Mr: "But look at the cost of it!"

Mrs: "It's cheaper than a funeral."

Wife: "Do you know that you have not kissed me for six weeks?"

Husband (who is absent minded): "Good heavens! Who have I been kissing then?"

"Flossie and Dick have patched up their quarrel, I hear."

"Not for long; they are marrying shortly."

May: "How did you chance to meet your second husband?"

Mary: "Oh, just by accident. He ran over my first husband with his car."

The Carpet Artist: "I was in splendid form. My vice filled the hall."

"Yes," replied her candid friend, "I noticed several people leaving to make room for it."

The idle man kills time. Time kills the idle man.

Druggist: "Yes ma'am. How would you like our Bouquet de Petrole, it will give everyone the impression you drive a motor car."

Lady: "Oh, that's an old scent. Have you any thing that smells like an aeroplane?"

"Do you like going to school, sonny?" the stranger inquired of seven year old Johnny.

"Oh, yes, sir," was the reply, "I like going well enough, and I like coming back, too. What I hate is staying cooped up there between times."

Lady of the House: "You will never get anywhere unless you have higher ideals than this. Are you really content to spend your life walking round the country begging?"

Hobo: "No, lady. Many's the time I've wished I had a motor car."

Gloomy (in restaurant after waiting fifteen minutes for his soup): "Walter, have you ever been to the Zoo?"

Waiter: "No, sir."

Gloomy: "Well, you ought to go. You would enjoy watching the tortoises whilst past."

"I have often wondered why the English are such huge tea drinkers."

"Yes."

"But I know now. I've had some of their coffee."

GIVE YOUR RED CROSS A BUSHEL OF GRAIN

IN the midst of your plenty this year, do not forget your Red Cross, which needs your membership and needs your subscription. The annual drive for membership and finance starts this week. Your Red Cross stood ready to help you in your need—now it is your turn.

HERE IS THE PLAN!

WILL YOU DO YOUR BIT

You will never miss a few bushels of grain; when you haul your next load to the elevator just tell the elevator man that you wish to donate some grain to the RED CROSS. He will give you a cheque immediately for the value of the number of bushels you wish to give. In addition to this he will add five cents per bushel as the donation of the elevator company to the Red Cross. You endorse the cheque payable to The Red Cross and hand it back to him; he will then send it in to PROVINCIAL RED CROSS HEADQUARTERS, and you will receive an acknowledgment in the form of a membership certificate and button direct from us.

It is estimated that if each farmer with 1-4 section gives 2 bushels, with 1-2 section gives 5 bushels

THAT, with the cash donations from the towns and cities, the Alberta Division quota of \$55,000 will be reached easily. This plan has the endorsement and recommendation of

The Lieut.-Governor of the Province.
The Committee of The Alberta Wheat Pool.
The Alberta Elevator Companies.

YOUR RED CROSS calls upon you again in the name of suffering humanity to give from your plenty for the benefit of those less fortunate. 82 per cent of all monies collected will be spent on RED CROSS ACTIVITIES IN THE PROVINCE OF ALBERTA, such as rural hospitals, nursing service, etc. 18 per cent will be Alberta's share for Japanese disaster relief.

DO YOUR BIT AND DO IT NOW

CANADIAN RED CROSS SOCIETY Alberta Division

If you prefer to make your donation in cash, mail your cheque to: The Honorary Secretary, Canadian Red Cross Society, Alberta Division, 208 Beveridge Building, Calgary.

Druggist: "I'm afraid I can't let you have that drug, sir!"

Customer: "Why not? Do I look like a man who would kill himself?"

Druggist: "Well, I wouldn't be so far as to say that, sir, but if I looked like you I should be tempted."

Eyeglass makers can supply glasses to rectify any one of 134,794 defects of vision.

Money goes a long way—but seldom far enough to reach next pay day.

First Undergraduate: "What shall we do to-night?"

Second Undergraduate: "I'll toss up a coin for it. If it's heads we'll go to the movies; if it's tails we'll ball on the steps; and if it stands on edge we'll study."